Middletown Transcript.

VOL. 2. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1869. NO. 35.

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COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR
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and others made in the city.

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BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
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Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

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Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

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WARREN I. HICKS. A. B. } PRINCIPALS,
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Tuition per Quarter of 12 weeks, payable at the middle of each Term:

Small Scholars in First Lessons	$ 5 00.
Primary Department	8 00.
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For further particulars address the Principals for Circular, Middletown, Del. Oct. 3—tf

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McCOY & RAISIN,

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No. 78 SOUTH STREET,

OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,

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WE refer to the following among our patrons in Kent county Maryland:

Judge Jos. A. Wickes,	Hon. Samuel Comegys,
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Jervis Spencer,	Dr. Samuel A. Beck.

June 19—y

Select Poetry.

TOUCH NOT THE WINE.

BY BRITOMARTE.

Touch not the wine, touch not the wine!
For though it seemeth fair,
There's want and woe within the cup,
Their's ruin and despair.
Heed not the false or thoughtless ones
Its pleasures who extol;
It wrecks the mind, destroys the health
And kills the very soul.

We meet his victims everywhere,
No land that holds them not;
We find them in the rich man's home,
The poor man's lowly cot.
Its blight is on the hoary head,
And on the youthful brow,
And ghastly ruin lingers where
Its blinded votaries bow.

Touch not the bright but poison cup,
Though sparkling in its flow;
It lures thee to destruction with
That fascinating glow!
Then touch it not! oh, touch it not!
It dazzles to betray;
Sin, shame, and sorow follow where
It leads the soul away.

Original Story.

For the Middletown Transcript

STORY OF

THE STRANGE ITALIAN.

WRITTEN IN 1842—BY OATS.

"Farewell earth! and thou the loveliest spot of earth—
My last thought was of thee, my last prayer,
Save one, was for thee."—BYRON'S SARDANAPELUS.

I am by birth a Venitian, of noble, but nearly forgotten ancestry—not forgotten by myself, Oh no! But by those who now tread the Dogeless Halls of the Bride of the Adriatic. I am the last of my House, and my own being is by *my countrymen* unknown.

I have outlived every tie that could bind me to this world, but feel a sweet assurance of peace in the world to come.—I believe not in fate, yet have I been the victim of a strange and gloomy destiny from very early life.

You, young stranger, have been kind, very kind to me—"the Strange Italian"—as some have called me—and as the sands of existence are fast sinking in the glass, I have determined to rally the waning energies of a brief, but eventful life, by bequeathing you my history. Nay, smile not, 'tis *all* I have to give in return for your goodness. It may serve "to point a moral,"—and amuse you when I am gone, take it then—when you read it remember *the Strange Italian*.

I am, as I observed, a Venitian. My father was one of the few remaining descendants of her nobility; and still retained that lofty pride which had distinguished his illustrious ancestry. He was poor, yet he had managed to bestow upon me a good education. My mother I never saw—she died before memory had twined its green garlands around the altar of the heart. I had spoken to my father of her, but I saw it gave him pain, and I called her name to him no more.

Our Palace, was! upon the grand canal—and not very far distant from that of the Manfrini—yet their Lords never exchanged civilities; and indeed, my father never saw company, without indulging subsequently in such gloomy reveries, that by degrees, and finally, he absented himself from all society; and in Venice, gay and merry Venice, he was a hermit.

Not so his son,—chance had thrown me into the society of Francesca Manfrini, and I loved her wildly, deeply, passionately! She would indeed have reconciled the anchorite to the crowd, that fair inspiration of all things good and beautiful.

You have seen our Venitian maidens—with their expressive countenances—liquid eyes, and skins where the bright carnation throws its softness and richness too. Their long hair sometimes sportively streaming on the balmy air that whispers over the Laguna, or lying in drooping loveliness upon necks too graceful for aught but the sculptor's dream of perfection—their chaste forms?—Oh! Venice! Venice! city of my birth, and birthplace of my early love!

While my hand traces this blotted record, how memories of the past rise up before me, and I see your Ducal Palace, your Rialto—St. Marks with its domes glittering in the hues of heaven; and Oh!—one memory sweeter still, rises in its beauty before my eye, I see my Gondola,—I am in it—Francesca Manfrini is at my side—my Gondoliers are pulling along the Laguna, humming a wild sweet air, and—and—and—but my brain is on fire! 'tis a mocking illusion and a cheat. But to my story.

Count Manfrini was seldom at home, so that I rarely saw him; and when I did, he seemed so abstracted, so wrapped up in self, that he noticed no one,—not even his daughter.

His wife had died in giving birth to the lovely Francesca, and perhaps, it was a similarity of situations,—half orphaned children as we were, that first led us to entertain those kindred sympathies which grew into deep and passionate love.

Knowing the prejudice which my father entertained for the House of Manfrini, the cause of which I could not divine, I had never spoken to him concerning the regard I entertained for the daughter, trusting that time would by some talismanic power work a change in his feelings, and the union and harmony of the Houses be brought about by the union of their children.

Time sped on, I was nearing the age when, as a man, I must come forward upon the busy stage of action, and as yet I had never breathed to my parent my views in relation to Francisca. The subject must be presented, and yet I had an undefinable dread of breaking it to my father. I knew his sternness—I knew the force of prejudice, I knew he did not like to hear the name of Manfrini, and yet, I fondly hoped, that I, whom I knew my father loved most fondly, could so overcome his dislike as to consent to link the destinies of the Houses of———and Manfrini. Foolish boy that I was! destiny had written its decrees, and I fancied *I* could reverse them.!

I determined to open the affair to him at all hazards, and if *he* forbade the union, to break it to Count Manfrini himself, and receiving either my bliss or my doom in their answers, remove at least the horrid suspense under which I was laboring.

I selected an occasion,—one beautiful night, as my father and myself were seated in our balcony, overlooking the waters of the Grand Canal, to communicate with him on the subject nearest my heart.

He heard me out—without uttering a word, until I had finished. I saw however his spirit was fiercely agitated, and I almost repented of the step I had taken.

"Wed a Manfrini!—By the Holy Virgin, I would sooner see your corpse floating in the Laguna, food for fishes, than the offspring of, of—Venitia should wed with the house of an of—"! He paused, his whole frame was excited, his eye flashed fire, his cheek was flushed, and his whole soul seemed rocked with passion. But, as if for a moment recollecting that *I* was innocent of any knowledge of the causes that had produced a feud between the houses, he said mildly, but firmly, "No my son, you can *never* marry a Manfrini! Let it suffice that the barrier between your destinies is immovable! *Go* there no more. Why *did* you not tell me this before? I did not know you ever knew the Manfrini," and he retired."

But when did ever love regard the cold fetters of parental rule?—Love! it is a principle ethereal, and yet omnipotent. You may bind the body down! you may twine the chain and fasten the fetters, yea the "iron may enter into the soul," but that hallowed emanation of Deity, triumphs over every ill, and amid the green bowers of the heart sings its anthems of immortality! Francesca and I met often—we vowed eternal constancy—and a thousand times as my Gondola would glide as noiselessly as a swan over the Laguna, have our songs mingled together, breathing deep and passionate love.

Why did my father hate the house of Manfrini? I could not tell. Had he thwarted any ambitious vision in my father's mind? Why did he frown when I called the name of Manfrini? He had never seen the fair object of my love, why then did he forbid my seeing her, and interdict fiercely and angrily the association? 'twas mystery—all mystery!

One evening my father and myself had returned from a masquerade held at the Palace of a distinguished Venitian; whither he had gone at my earnest importunity, and as it was early, and a night of exquisite loveliness, we preferred an hour or so on the balcony, to retiring.

It was an evening of deep beauty. The Adriatic seemed one eternal field of silver. The towers of proud old Venice, stood like giant spirits guarding the Dogeless Halls of the silent city. The marble effigies,—those

"Melancholy ghosts of dead renown,"

as the English poet expresses it,—silently and mournfully kept watch, around the ruined palaces of the once lofty and queenly Venice!

I saw that the scene had touched my father—for a tear was stealing silently down his cheek.—His countenance had lost its sternness—and I could read, that his spirit was communing with the past, as he gazed upon the pure and cloudless heavens.

"Antonio," said he, in a mild voice, "I have something to say to you, and the present is a fitting occasion. The city sleeps, not so my memory of the past!"

"Father," I replied, "you are ill, let's retire, your mind is disturbed from some incident of the evening; a little rest will restore you."

"No, I can never know rest again my son, until I have opened my heart to you."

"Father, speak, I am all attention."

"Antonio!"

"Father!"

"I have that to tell you which will make you grieve, but I must tell you, for I am a weak old man; I shall not live long, and it concerns you to redress the honor of your House."

A strange and undefined idea that the disclosure which my father was about to make, involved some how or other, I could not tell how, the happiness of Francisca, took possession of me; but determining to know what it was which required my defence of our own House, nay with a determination to sustain its name at all hazards, induced me in as calm a tone as possible to request my father to proceed.

"You do not remember your mother, Antonio," he observed, with emotion; "you could not; she died when you were an infant—she was *poisoned*, Antonio!"

"*Poisoned!* Holy Virgin! By whom? I devote her murderer to the Stilletto!"

"You are right, my son—you will ask why I did not avenge her death?—Oh how I would have torn his accursed heart from him, aye and given it to the fishes, but I had sworn—a mighty oath—and now I am absolved. This night you are your own master! this morning's sun dawned upon your birth day,—this day you are free!"

"Father, solve this mystery! my brain is on fire! tell me, by whose hand my mother died?"

"It is a long story, my son, have patience, and when you have heard me out, remember,—VENGEANCE!"

"I swear!"

"It is well."

"Proceed."

"Your mother, Antonio, was Venetia Falerio, daughter of the celebrated noble of that name, and a descendant of the great Doge of Venice! Half of the Venitian nobility sighed for her hand, and illustrious foreigners vied with each other in doing homage to her queenly beauty. I had just returned from travel, and fired with the description of her peerless loveliness, I was soon found in the throng that worshipped at her shrine.

There was another Venitian, whose name I will tell you anon, who aspired to the honor of her hand, but your mother, ere I had pressed my suit many months, became my wife.

Fondly, truly, did we love! She was gentle, beautiful, gifted; she was my own Venetia!

The individual whom I mentioned, as aspiring to the hand of Venetia, when he found she had preferred the almost beggared Noble, to his princely magnificence, gave vent to his mortification in dark hints, to which I, knowing his want of courage, and believing it the ebullition of wounded vanity, paid no regard.

A year rolled around, and you, my boy, were born. We were happy—happy in the love of each other, and happy in the smiling prattle of our child.

One evening were at the banquet of * * * * *. The hall was thronged, and among the many guests I noticed this Venitian. I had left your mother's side to exchange civilities with a distinguished foreigner—whose name has since become immortal, in song,—and whose own undying genius, has lighted the torch of glory around his early grave, Lord Byron.

We were conversing together of Greece, and he had become animated on the subject; his polished pale forehead throbbing with excitement, and his large dark eye dilating with the very fires of freedom.—In his fascinating conversation I forgot your mother, when I was struck with the change in his Lordship's countenance. His brow contracted, a proud and withering curl of the lip, and a sudden elevation of the body, caused me to look in the direction of his gaze, when I beheld the Venitian gloating upon me with a look of so much hate, that I involuntarily started.—"What does that plebean-looking scoundrel mean," said his Lordship, "by his impertinent stare?" addressing himself to me. "But stop, no—'tis you he is glaring at—he has a cut-throat look, you had better beware of him."

His Lordship's remark restored me to myself and murmuring an apology to him, I flew to your mother's side.

She was quaffing from a golden goblet, and laughingly observed as I approached,—"I was so warm from the heat of the rooms, and so thirsty, would you believe it, Bernardo, I have emptied the goblet? Now will you promise me," added she, laughing, "if I am poisoned, that you wont reveal who did it, until our boy is a man? "If you will swear," she continued, "you wont punish my murderer, but leave it to our little Antonio when he is his own master, to avenge it, I'll tell you to whom I am indebted for the draught."

Falling in with her humor, and supposing some of the numerous gallants that were fluttering around the beautiful being had been her cup-bearer, I exclaimed, "I swear!"

"But in truth," said she, smiling.

"In truth."

"There he stands!" she observed, pointing to the Venitian.

I was thunderstruck! I remembered the look of hatred he had but just cast upon me, and though I did not dream the fiend had so black a heart as to plot her death, still I grew sad in spite of myself; and at an early hour our gondola was ordered and we left the gay scene of festivity for our quiet palace.

About midnight I was aroused by your mother's groans. I awoke her attendants, and found she was in the agonies of death—she could only gasp out "remember the oath made in play,—I did not dream 'twas so—I *am* poisoned, but I forgive my murderer—remember your oath," and throwing her arms wildly about my neck, she breathed out her spirit upon my bosom!

In my agony I rowed his death—I had no witness of his crime, but my own heart—my beautiful Venitia was murdered—and he, the wretch,—the assassin, was at large.

But Venitia's last words,—"remember your oath," rung in my ears, and when I would, overcome with grief, slumber, I would see her saintly form hovering around my pillow, and hear her silvery voice mournfully calling on me, "remember your oath!"

A new thought took possession of me.—I watched over your tender years,—I hired, out of my slender means, teachers, and employed physicians to watch the first approaches of disease—not my boy that I did not love you much, but also that you might live to avenge your mother's death. I dreamed last night of your mother, and though her countenance was beautiful, still spiritually beautiful, methought, she looked sternly upon me as she said,

"Our boy is man to-morrow,—remember your oath!"

"This evening, my son, at the masquerade—it is the first gaiety I have entered into since your mother's death—I saw unmasked, the same hated face of that accursed Ventiian. I *thought of my oath!* I have told you all."

"His name, father, his name,—and hear me Righteous Heaven, who hast permitted me to live to strike home to the heart of my mother's murderer, I swear—and I call upon the guardian spirits of Venitian honor to hear my oath—I swear to slay her murderer!—now father his name."

"Manfrini!"

"The father of Francesca?"

"The same!"

"Oh God! for what tortures am I reserved—would I were dead, but I have sworn!"

I had made up my mind that Francesca was lost to me; her father was the wanton murderer of my mother—happiness and I had parted forever, and with a superhuman effort I strove to banish the innocent loveliness of the daughter from my mind, to make room for vindictive resolves against the life of the parent.

My father pressed my hand in silence, and turned in from the balcony;—taking his lamp from a niche, he trimmed it, gazed mournfully at me for a moment, and retired slowly from the room. I had not the strength to follow him, but stood abstracted in thought, when the hum of the gondoliers' songs from the grand canal, stole up the balcony upon the night-winds.—I left the spot mechanically, and descending, soon mingled with the crowds that were returning from the masquerade. I had put on my mask, and as but few knew me, thus disguised I stole towards the Palace of Manfrini. His gondola was just landing its passengers, and I watched the villain as he handed Francesca out.

TO BE CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.

Daily Miracles.

When our Lord turned water into wine, he did nothing more mysterious, nothing greater or more divine, than when he now, before our eyes, turns common water into the sweet sap of the maple and sugar cane, or into the delicious juice of the pomegranate, or when he changes the material of earth and water into the luscious pulp of the apple and the peach, or the nourishing farina of the potato, the maize and the wheat. If we plant together a grain of sand and a grain of corn, it is no art of skill or power of ours that makes the one to remain unchanged in the soil, the other to break forth in roots and stalks and "bring forth fruit after its kind." It is only the direct power of God himself that thus works. The power that changes a single grain of corn or wheat into a thousand grains, is the same that changed the "seven loaves" into bread enough to feed four thousand men, besides the seven baskets of fragments that were left. When this exercise of power occurs in a way that is not repeated, we call it a miracle. But when it is repeated daily, hourly, all the time, all around us, we call it Providence, or nature, or the laws of matter. But, in truth, in the case as in the other, it is God our Lord. The loaf on my table tells me as distinctly of Him, as did the loaves multiplying visibly in the hands of Jesus, tell those rude mountaineers of Galilee, that they were standing in the presence of a most gracious and powerful benefactor.

SHIPPING FRUIT.—So much has been said about the marketing of fruits that one would not think it necessary to add more. Yet when we go through the markets and see the worthless stuff, which might have brought good returns if it had been well picked, we must, at the risk of reputation, say more about

Packing.—We go among the commission men and find invoices of peaches, pears and apples, which bring small returns, for the want of proper

Assorting—Had half the fruit—the best of it—been sent it would have brought twice the price. In New York, and we presume it is the same in other markets, it is difficult to sell a poor article, except to the street venders, at the lowest price. *A large portion of the fruit sent had better be fed to the pigs at home*, for its destination here is the rubbish heap, and the shipper has to pay the expenses.

Picking and Packing are as important as raising good fruit. The time to pick can only be learned by experience. The fruit should be just in that condition in which it will reach the consumer in good order. Pick by hand, and pack in crates, baskets or barrels so firmly that the fruit can sustain no injury from the motion during transportation."

A daughter is almost always right when she endeavors to imitate her mother; but we do not think the mother is equally right when, at a certain period of life, she tries all she can to imitate her daughter.

What is the difference between very young and very old women? The first are careless and happy; the second, hairless and cappy.

Do the best you can, whatever you undertake; if you are only a street sweeper, sweep your very best.

To remove old, hardened putty, dip a small brush in nitric or muriatic acid, and with it anoint or paint over the dry putty adhering to broken glass or frames of your windows. After an hours interval the putty will become quite soft and easily removable.

Useful Recipes.

HOW TO FATTEN A POOR HORSE.—Many good horses devour large quantities of grain and hay, and still keep poor. The food eaten is not properly assimulated. If the usual feed has been unground grain and hay, nothing but a change will effect any desirable alteration in the appearance of the animal. In case oil meal cannot be obtained readily, mingle a bushel of flaxseed with a bushel of barley, one of oats, and another bushel of Indian corn, and let it be ground into fine meal. This will be a fair proportion for all his feed. Or, the meal of barley, oats and corn, in equal quantities, may first be procured, and one-fourth part of oil cake mingled with it, when the meal is sprinkled on cut feed. Feed two or three times daily, mingled with a peck of cut hay and straw. If the horse will eat that amount greedily, let the quantity be gradually increased until he will eat four or six quarts at every feeding three times a day. So long as the animal will eat this allowance, the quantity may be increased a little every day. But avoid the practice of allowing a horse to stand at a rack well filled with hay. In order to fatten a horse that has run down in flesh, the groom should be very particular to feed the animal no more than he will eat up clean and lick the manger for more.—*Mass. Ploughman.*

BUTTER.—A singular method of making butter has lately come into quite extensive use in France, based upon the observed fact, that cream is changed into butter by being simply buried in the earth. The theory of this result is not very intelligible, though the fact is stated to be beyond question; and in Normandy and other parts of France, butter is actually prepared on a large scale in this way. The process consists in placing the cream in a linen bag of moderate thickness, which is carefully closed; then burying the bag about a foot and allowing it to remain from twenty-four to twenty-five hours. After the expiration of this period the cream is found to have become hard, and it is then broken up by means of a wooden beater into small pieces, and enough water pored upon it to wash out the buttermilk. To prevent any mixture of the earth, it is advisable to enclose the bag in a sceond one of larger size and coarser quality. This method of making butter saves a great deal of labor, and separates the butter more perfectly than the ordinary process; and we are assured that butter thus prepared is of most excellent quality.

GRAPE LAYERS.—These may be easily made on a small scale by the amateur, or by the farmer who wishes to plant out an additional vine or two, by laying down a good strong shoot of this summer's growth, and burying it a few inches deep at the middle. Roots will be thrown out at the joints, and by taking up before winter and cutting in two, two good plants will be made from each layer. If the laying down is done too soon, the shoot will be soft, and may rot; if left too late, there will not be time enough for the roots to form. The proper season is just when it is beginning to assume a little of the hardness of wood. The formation of layers exhausts a vine in the same way that runners exhaust strawberries; they should therefore be sparingly made from bearing vines. If the summer happens to be very dry, the soil at the buried part must be kept moist by mulching.

BLACKBERRY WINE.—There is no wine equal to blackberry wine when properly made, in flavor or for medical purposes, and all persons who can conveniently do so, should manufacture enough for their own use every year, as it is invaluable in sickness as a tonic, and nothing is a better remedy for bowel complaint. We, therefore, give the receipt for making it: measure your berries and bruise them; to every gallon add 1 quart of boiling water. Let the mixture stand twenty-four hours, stirring occasionally; then strain off the liquor into a cask, and to every gallon add two pounds of sugar; cork tight and let it stand till the following October, and you will have wine ready for use without further labor, that every family will highly appreciate and never do without afterwards if they can help it.

TO RESTORE WILTED FLOWERS.—According to one of our exchanges, if wilted flowers have about half an inch of their stems cut off, and the stalk thus trimmed inserted into boiling water, they will in a few moments resume almost their original freshness. The process is most applicable to colored flowers, as roses, geraniums, azaleas, &c., white ones turning yellow. Thick petaled flowers show the most marked improvement. Another excellent method of restoring freshness to old flowers is to place them in water, and cover with a glass shade. Finely powdered charcoal placed in the bottom of the flowers inserted into it, has a marked effect in maintaining them fresh a long time, and keeping the water sweet.

HOW TO PRESERVE GREEN CORN.—In a jar put a layer of salt, on that a layer of the fresh corn, and alternate thus with the salt and corn until the jar is full. Then cover the top with salt. The day before using take the corn out and put in water to soak.

If you are annoyed by cockroaches in your houses, scatter green elder leaves in their haunts

Wit and Humor.

Ruining a Banker.

In the troubled days of Ireland, towards the close of the last century, a daring fellow, one Teddy Mulrooney, was at the head of a band of his desperate and starving countrymen, who scoured the district in which they belonged, waging merciless war on the oppressors of their country, and visiting with the direst outrages those who had the reputation of grinding the faces of the poor.

One of the most obnoxious men in the county where their operations were conducted, was one Sir Lawrence Wood, a rich man, who had a bank of his own, and was supposed to have amassed an immense fortune by his financial speculations. In the course of their predatory career, Mulrooney's band seized, at various points, a large amount of Sir Lawrence's notes, some thirty thousand pounds' worth, all of which they placed in the hands of their leader to dispose of as his wisdom thought best.

One dark night, a shout like that of a thousand demons announced to Sir Lawrence that the rebels had broken into the park that surrounded his elegant country seat, while, at the same time, a glare of light gave him to understand that the incendiary torch had been applied to his dwelling. He was mistaken in that, however, for when he had hurried on his clothes and presented himself at the hall door to beg that the lives of himself and family might be spared, he saw that the invaders had merely kindled a fire of brushwood on the lawn. But the spectacle was alarming enough, as the light fell on a wild group of fierce men, ragged, and yet armed with every species of strange weapon—pikes, pistols, reaping-hooks, and scythes.

"*For* Heaven's sake," said the *terrified* banker, "spare my life!"

"Whist! yer murtherin' thafe of the world!" said Teddy. "It's not yer life we're afther desthroyin'—but it's what yo live for we'll desthroy before yer eyes, ye omodhoun. Look there, ye ould divil! and there! and there! what's thim?" and Teddy thrust an immense heap of bank notes under the nose and eyes of the banker, and then, elevating his torch, took Sir Lawrence by the nape of his neck, and bent his head forward so that he could read the paper.

"They're notes on my bank," said he; "do you want to present them?"

"To make ye a prisint of them?" cried the rebel. "Do ye think we're afther making fools of ourselves, whin we've had the trouble of collectin' yer dirthy paper? Na, ye spalpeen! we'll desthroy ivery scrap of 'em up before the eyes of yez."

"For Heaven's sake, gentlemen," said the banker, secretly delighted at the intelligence, "you wouldn't beggar myself and family!"

"In course we wouldn't!" said Mulrooney ironically. "No, we come here to fill your pockets av course. Look here, there goes a thousand pounds!" And he threw a handful of notes into the blaze. "And there's another thousand! and another! and another! Och, there's lashins of 'em! And there goes the last; and now ye're as poor as the poorest man among us."

The banker affected to be in the greatest agony; he tore his hair, wrung his hands, beat his breast, groaned, and even pumped up a few tears. Teddy watched him with ferocious satisfaction, and when the sacrifice was completed, exclaimed:

"There, boys, we've *ruined* him intirely. And now, ye old thafe of the worold, go to bed and say yer prayers, and plisint dreames to yez."

With a cheer, the midnight marauders, after dancing round the expiring bonfire, retired in high glee, completely satisfied with their exploit of "ruining a banker." Sir Lawrence Wood waited until the last man had disappeared, then he burst into a horse-laugh and went up to bed, in the happy consciousness of being thirty thousand pounds richer than he was five minutes before. We know not whether Mr. Mulrooney ever discovered his mistake, but the banker had provided against such a contingency and his consequent vengeance, by securing the presence of a strong detachment of troops till the troubles of the day were over.

BACHELORS, ATTENTION!—The attention of bachelors is invited to the following "wail:"

"There are some sad sights in this world; a city ransacked and burnt—a battle-field after a great slaughter—a London in the midst of a plague—a ship burning at sea—a family pining in starvation—a jug of molasses wrecked upon the pavement. All bad, it is true.

"But to us, the saddest sight of all is an old bachelor wearing towards the end of his journey of life, his great duties undone. Miserable creature! just look at him; his shirt buttons off—his stockings out at the toes—not a son or daughter, nor a relative to drop a tear, close his eyes in death, or to leave his money to.

"Off she goes," said a lady, speaking of the train as it was starting. "You have mistaken the gender, madam," said a gentleman, 'this is a mail train."

A bit of a paradox. When a shoemaker is going to make a boot the first thing he uses is the last.

A lawyer's "effects" are apt to depend on the number of his "causes."

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1869.

Woman's Rights.

"THE SUBJECTION OF WOMEN," by John Stuart Mill,—J. B. Lippincott & Co. publishers, Philadelphia.

We have received, from the publishers, a copy of this work, which treats of a subject which is entering largely into the political discussions of the times, and takes hold upon the very foundations and framework of society. The author is a man whose notoriety for one-idesism, will probably prevent his views from having that weight which the subject treated deserves. The reformatory movement commonly designated as "Woman's Rights," has been so indiscreetly managed by those in charge of it, that ridicule and disgust are the feelings chiefly inspired and generally uppermost, whenever the subject is mentioned. But the inquiring mind of the searcher after truth will approach the investigation of it for truth's sake, discarding everything like prejudice, and examining it upon its merits alone. The subject began to be considered half a century ago, and the first public meeting in reference to it took place as far back as 1820. From that period until the present, meetings have annually been held in furtherance of its objects, but the insane babblings of notoriety-seekers and hobby-riders among the "strong-minded," as they have been contemptuously termed, have thrown so much discredit upon the subject, that neither men nor women, without the circle of these talkers for notoriety's sake, would bestow any serious thought on it. Hence little advancement has been made in the investigation to which the public mind has been so persistently invited. Nor will Mr. Mill's book do more than awaken additional reflection upon the subject. His logic is not of that convincing kind which carries conviction in its train. He treats the question entirely from a British standpoint, and his arguments were evidently written exclusively for the British public. For instance, he speaks of man, throughout, as the "master" of woman. Now, the correlative of master, is servant; an idea totally repugnant to the American mind, where woman is concerned. Here, woman is loved and revered; and no matter what her legal status, she is enshrined in our heart of hearts. Society is so constituted, with us, that she is all that she could be, were she not only invested with the suffrage, but sole maker of the laws for her own government. True, she lives, whether as *femme sole*, or *femme couverte*, under what Mr. Mill calls certain "disabilities," legally considered; but public opinion is such, that there is thrown around her, in all situations; and in all the relations of life, a sure ward and protection. Nevertheless, we would go so far with Mr. Mill as to make her the equal of man before the law, in so far as the rights of person and property are concerned. This much is due to justice, as well as to guard against the possibility of wrong to woman through the delinquency of men who are beneath the ordinary moral standard. And there are such cases, occasionally, with all our reverence for woman, although society invariably makes outcasts of such as offend, in this particular, against its plainest requirements. But, it is not necessary to give her the suffrage, to make her man's equal before the law. That can be done, *and will be done*, through legal enactment, of man's own volition. We would not wish to see her wield the ballot, because we would not see her standard of excellence and loveliness lowered, or her purity sullied, by participation in public affairs. We would not have our idol thrown down and desecrated, or its beauty marred, for the sake of an abstraction. The idea of the equality of the sexes is a fallacy. Man is physically stronger, and by a parity of reasoning, mentally stronger also. But this detracts nothing from woman, who is man's superior in the strength of her affections, her intuition, the tenderness of her sensibilities, and her purer and more refined nature. These more than compensate her for the abscence of the stronger but coarser and grosser qualities of masculinity. The sticklers for the equality of the sexes, and for "woman's rights," as understood and claimed by their blatant advocates, would do her a most egregious wrong, if their logic were carried out to its legitimate conclusions. It would endow her with the same physical and mental force as man, and impose upon her the same duties. She would be required to wield the axe, the spade, the plane, and the plow, to do military duty, to serve the State in the jury-box, as well as to soil her fingers with the ballot-box. She would be required to stand in the forum, or sit in the council-chamber. Her tenderness, delicacy, and purity, would depart, and she would assume the coarseness and grossness of man.

We pass by the practical infidelity hidden beneath the theory of "woman's rights," and only glance at its immorality, which could but culminate in ruin to society. Human law is based, to some extent, upon the divine law, and that law commands submission and obedience in wives, as it commands love and protection in husbands. Without these there would be neither peace, order, nor good government, in the family or in society. But, the moral aspect of the question we have neither time nor inclination to discuss now. It has been ably done, by Dr. Bushnell, a prominent clergyman of Connecticut, whose book was issued from the press about the time of that of John Stuart Mill, and those who wish to have the question thoroughly discussed before them, pro and con, should procure both works. The limits of a newspaper article cannot do the subject justice.

The fall campaign has been opened in earnest by Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier, as will be seen by advertisement in this issue, at their mammoth dry goods establishment, Eighth and Market streets, Philadelphia. To open the fall trade, they offer five thousand pieces of muslins, bought under market rates for cash, and offered at less than their usual low prices. In shirtings and sheetings, unbleached and flannel goods, they cannot be excelled, in quantity, quality and lowness of prices. As the season advances, they will open out an immense stock of new and desirable goods, from the leading manufactories of this country and Europe. Among them a choice assortment will be found of rich silks and dress goods of every description, of the most fashionable and latest designs, also a large supply of American and Foreign prints, as well as a large stock of low priced goods in this line. Purchasers will do well to give them a call.

THE WILMINGTON MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—On Saturday the Republicans made their nominations for the City Ticket, J. S. Valentine was re-nominated for Mayor, which will make the fourth year he has run for that office, having been elected three times. This office has been filled annually, but by a recent act of the Legislature the successful candidate will hereafter retain his office three years. The other nominations were—President of Council, Wm. Canby; Treasurer, Joseph L. Killgore; Assessor, Washington Mason. The last Legislature passed a "Nine Wards bill," making the city (from five) into nine Wards, the Ninth Ward being the corporation of the village of Brandywine. The election takes place on the first Tuesday in September.

THE WEATHER SATURDAY.—All accounts concur in representing Saturday as by many degrees the hottest day of the present summer. At Philadelphia the heat was intense, the thermometer standing 102 in the shade. At New York the highest range of the thermometer was 99, but several deaths occurred from sunstroke, and the complaint of the heat was universal. At Cincinnati the thermometer went to 97 on Saturday. The evening previous two deaths were caused by sunstroke. At Washington, Richmond, Raleigh, Wilmington, Charleston, Nashville and other points, there was general complaint of the extraordinary heat.

Delaware King Crabs Producing Wheat, Barley, &c. in England.

We clip the subjoined extract from late foreign advices:

Cancerine is the latest big-named commodity hailing from America. It does not stand for a pretty color, like coraline, fuscheine or roscine; but for a manure, a compost of dead crabs. Be it known that the shores of Delaware bay swarm with crustaceans of species known as the king crab. The eggs cover the sand so thickly that they are shovelled up by the wagon load, and carried away to feed chickens. The young fish are taken to fatten hogs; the old ones are gathered into pens, where they soon die, and then they are dried, ground down, and packed up in bags to be sold at the rate of about five pounds per ton for manure. With about four hundred weight an acre applied to the ground the fertilizing power is reported to be double that of guano, and it is ascertained that many thousands of tons can be furnished annually from Delaware, if no injudicious onslaught is made upon the crabs to permanently reduce their numbers.

The conflict of authority between U. S. Marshal Barlow, and Judge McCunn, of one of the New York State Courts, over Major Pratt, has been brought to a close by the U. S. Commissioner discharging the prisoner. There is no chance, therefore, of a fight between the United States and the State of New York, over the conflicting principles of consolidation and State Rights. There could be no better field for the assertion and vindication of these two principles. Why did the Commissioner back down?

It has been announced that the National Intelligencer will be revived, ere long, under the editorial management of the Hon. Edmund Burke, of New Hampshire. Mr. Burke possesses the ability to bring up that time-honored journal to the standard it occupied in its palmiest days.

The great international boat race, as it has been called, between the Oxford and Harvard crews, took place on the Thames, England, yesterday. Between 1 and 2 o'clock P. M. the telegraph announced that the Oxford crew were the victors.

The Pretorian General Ames, the Canby of Mississippi, has issued his mandate to disregard the *habeas corpus* in Mississippi.

Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, is so ill that his life is despaired of.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Trot at Suffolk Park—Hop vs. Ironsides—The Little Ratler Beaten.

We take the following from the Philadelphia Morning Post, of Tuesday:

The trot yesterday between Ironsides and Hop attracted quite a large concourse of people to the Suffolk track, the major portion of whom went thither to witness the operations of Hop, who has been entered for one of the purses at the Point Breeze fall meeting. Considerable has been said about his speed, it being confidently asserted that he could show 2 30.

He is a new animal to the Philadelphia turf, and up to yesterday had never crossed the score in public. He is from Middletown, Delaware, where he was bred and raised. (This is a mistake; he is owned near Middletown, but was bred at Newark, Del.) His sire was one of the Napoleon stock, but of the pedigree of his dam nothing is known. In the pool-selling, which preceded the trot, he at times was first choice, and at no time did he sell lower in the pools than in the proportion of $75 to $60.

The first heat showed that he had not been overrated, as he made his mile in 2.34 easily, Ironsides not pushing him a bit. After this heat no pools were sold as it was evident that the Little Rattler had been overmatched. Hop is a pretty trotter, his only drawback being a too free action of his knees, which has necessitated a rather large quantity of leather around the upper part of his fore-legs.

FIRST HEAT.—The horses got off well together on the first score; but on making the first turn, Hop broke and before he could get on his feet again, was two lengths behind. Ironsides was trotting well, and on passing the quarter pole in thirty-eight was over two lengths in advance. Hop being well down to his work gained pretty rapidly until reaching the half-mile pole, when he was almost side and side. Between this and the three quarter pole the horses were lapped, but in going by that pole, Hop's nose could be seen on the lead. He gained gradually and on entering the home-stretch was nearly a length in advance. Levitt plied the whip to the Little Rattler, but he was doing his best and crossing the score two lengths in the rear, Hop won the heat in 2.34.

SECOND HEAT.—Another good start, the horses keeping side and side until reaching the quarter-pole, when Hop drew gradually ahead, until going by the half-mile pole there was a length at least between them. This distance was not only maintained to the three-quarter pole but enlarged; Ironsides losing another length. Doble now finding that he had an easy thing of it drew up, and even then jogged in an easy winner in 2.42.

THIRD HEAT.—This heat was a repetition of the second; Hop coming in almost on a walk in 2.47.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.—We return thanks to the following gentlemen for a basket, each, of delicious peaches, viz:—Rd. Clayton, J'n. Townsend, B. F. Hanson, Sam'l. Townsend, E. R. Cochran, Capt. James Kanely, and George Derrickson, Jr. Esqs. Also, to Wm. A. Cochran, Esq. for a pair of large "Mountain Sweet" melons, weighing 30 lbs. each. Mr. Coehran has sold a large number of melons in this market, this season, and we have never seen finer. Also, to John A. Jones, Esqr. of Wheatland, for a basket of "Early Joe" and "Peck's Pleasant" apples, and some very fine "Delaware" Grapes. We have never seen a finer looking or a more luscious apple than the specimen received from Mr. Jones. We are informed that he shipped 50 baskets of Rives' Favorite peaches, last week, which brought him $2 per basket. We do not believe that the horticultural productions of Delaware can be surpassed anywhere.

POCKET PICKED.—Our fellow townsman, Mr. James N. Wine, had his pocket picked on Tuesday last, in New York, at the Merchant's Hotel. He kept his eye upon the fellow who he supposed to be the expert, and followed him into a restaurant, and while he was taking something for the comfort of the inner man, Mr. Wine withdrew and procured a writ and a policeman. Returning, the thief was taken into custody; and Mr. Wine, recollecting the contents of his pocket-book, described them accurately, when the thief was searched and the pocket-book discovered. It contained $190, and some other articles, $8 of which had been spent by the thief. Mr. Wine also paid $10 for a detective, making a loss of $18.00. The pickpocket was held to answer.

Walter Griffith, son of Mr. Wm. S. Griffith, near Head of Sassafras, received injury, on Wednesday, by being thrown from a wagon load of peach boxes which he was taking home from Georgetown, Kent county, Md. At Swan Town his horses became frightened, and either upset the wagon, or caused the boxes to fall off, and the driver with them. Mr. Griffith was taken up in a state of insensibility by the driver of the Chestertown stage and conveyed to his home. He suffered a severe contusion of the head but is recovering.

Horse stealing has become the very "error of the moon," within a fortnight past. Joseph Watson, a colored man near Blackbird, had a horse stolen from his field on Saturday night last. J. S. Hurlock, of Chesterville, Kent county, Md. and Dr. A. Sudler, of Sudlersville, Queen Anne's county, both had a horse and carriage stolen from them at the Sudlersville camp, last week. Mr. Edward Coppage also had a horse stolen from him at the same camp.

The annual reunion of the Forest and Drawyer's Presbyterian Churches, will take place at the old Drawyer's Church, near Odessa, on the second Sabbath of September, when St. Georges, Port Penn, and Delaware City Churches, are expected to unite. The day has also been set apart for special prayer in behalf of the reunion of the New and Old School branches of the Presbyterian Church, throughout the United States.

Mr. Wm. G. Etherington, of Sassafras Neck, lost a very valuable horse, on Saturday last, for which he would not have taken $500. He loaned him to a colored man who had had a death in his family, to go to New Market, in Kent county, Md. and shortly after his return the horse died from heat and from being over-ridden.

DROWNED.—On Thursday, the 19th inst. Wm. B. Hall, son of Mr. Wm. James Hall, of Wilmington, eleven years of age, was drowned in the Sassafras river, at Fredericktown. He resided with his grandfather, Mr. Lewis Price, of Cecilton. It is not known how the accident occurred.

Lieut. Frank Barr, late Commander of the U. S. Revenue steamer Miami, has been ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury to special duty, for the inspection of the Cutters on the Lakes, and the selection of new stations for Revenue Cutters on the Western rivers.

Middletown, Ginn's Crossing, Townsend Branch and Armstrong's, paid to the Rail Road for freight on peaches, last week, $20,395! Over $10,000 was from Middletown alone, the largest business ever done at this station since the road has been in operation.

One hundred and fifty-six car loads of peaches passed over the Delaware Rail Road, on Tuesday last. This was the heaviest day's work of the season. Eighteen car loads were despatched from Middletown.

It is estimated that three thousand colored people were in attendance at their camp, near Townsend, on Sunday last. Every imaginable kind of conveyance was brought into requisition, and not a few rode "Shanks' Mare."

Thousands of baskets of peaches have been left to rot upon the trees, in this neighborhood, the past week, because of the inability of the owners to get them to market before they became too ripe for shipment.

The Smyrna Times says that Harry Jacobs, a lad about nine years of age, was drowned in Smyrna creek, on Monday last. A party of four had been down the creek after peaches, and in returning the boy fell overboard.

A peach-picker in Mr. Wm. O. B. Knight's orchard, in Sassafras Neck, dropped dead, on Saturday last, overcome it is supposed, by the rays of the sun.

A brakesman on one of the freight trains on the Delaware Railroad, experienced a *coupde solial*, on Saturday last. He was sent up to Wilmington.

The Md. & Del. Railroad is now completed to Easton, and trains are running to and from that town daily.

Mr. John Morrison is putting up a new frame house for Mr. Frank Stephens, on Lake street.

A remarkable meteor shot athwart the northern heavens, taking a northwesterly course, on Tuesday evening, in the twilight. Its course was distinctly marked by a long luminous train, which was visible for at least fifteen minutes. Shortly after its appearance this train became stationary, with its nucleus pointing toward the horizon, apparently only a few degrees above it. The train then became irregular in form, and looked precisely like the ascending smoke of an object undergoing the process of combustion. Many persons witnessed it with curious interest and admiration. The following is a description of the meteor as seen in Philadelphia:

BRILLIANT METEORIC APPEARANCE.—At twenty-five minutes past seven o'clock last evening an object that seemed to be quite a brilliant meteor was visible in this city. It appeared to shoot from near the southernmost star in the constellation, "Great Bear," and moved due west until within about thirty degrees of the western horizon, where it exploded. It left a bright luminous trail, and cast a light strong enough to illuminate the faces of observers stationed at favorable points. After the explosion a well defined nucleus remained visible for about fifteen minutes, and from this nucleus a long stream of whitish vapor arose, ascending to a great height in a sinuous line, and this also remained visible for many minutes. The nucleus and stream of vapor had somewhat of the appearance of a great lamp blown out, and from which an enormous line of smoke was streaming. The line of vapor ascended a short distance in an apparently vertical line, and then made a great bend to the southward, forming a semi-circle, and then resuming its vertical ascent, went up to a great height. One observer assures us that the stream of vapor remained in sight more than twelve minutes by his watch.

OUR PENINSULAR RAIL ROADS.—The rail roads now finished and underway and connecting with the Delaware Railroad are as follows:—The Delaware Branch, starting from Townsend Station, and completed to Massey's Cross Roads, in Kent county, Md. From this point two branch roads are being built—one along the north side of Chester river to Deep Landing, some twelve miles below Chestertown; the other on the south side of the river to Centreville, and terminating on the river a few miles below that town. The Maryland and Delaware Railroad, as previously stated, is now completed from Clayton Station to Easton, Md. and the work of grading to Oxford, twelve miles below, commenced. At this point the road will connect with the steamers from Baltimore. The junction and Breakwater railroad starts from the Delaware road at Harrington. It is completed to Georgetown, to which point cars run, and graded to Lewes, Del. and the iron is now being laid. The Dorchester and Delaware road is now completed within three miles of Cambridge, Md. This road commences at Seaford, Del. The Pocomoke and Berlin road is in running order from Salisbury to Berlin, a distance of twenty-four miles. The Delaware road, which connects with the Philadelphia road at Wilmington, is the main trunk.

On Sunday morning the 15th inst. a party of Baltimore fishermen made an immense haul of rock fish in Chesapeake Bay, near the mouth of Sassafras River. Some 3000 bunches, 15 to 18 fish in each—fifty thousand in all—were secured; the nets were borne down with the great number enclosed, and thousands of the larger fish escaped. They averaged from ten to fifteen inches in length. Fortunately, just after the fish had been secured, a Philadelphia sloop came along with a few tons of ice on board, when 1000 rock were soon exchanged for three or four tons of ice, after which each party went on their separate ways rejoicing in their good luck.

WAITING FOR A RISE.—A cargo of two thousand bushels of wheat belonging to Mrs. Potter, near Warwick, Md. after becoming weevil eaten, was sold in Middletown a few days ago for 65 cents per bushel, for which she was offered two years ago $3.10.

The foregoing article has been floating around among our exchanges, for some days past. We know not in what paper it first appeared, but we are authorised to contradict it, and to say there is no truth in it.

DUST!—DUST!—DUST!—Clouds of dust in the streets; dust upon the houses; dust upon the trees and shrubbery; dust in every nook and cranny; dust upon your clothes: dust in your hair; dust in your mouth, ears, eyes and nostrils; dust everywhere. Literally the town is covered with dust; and clouds of dust mark the course of every peach wagon, carriage, or other vehicle, as it rolls along the public highway. How grateful to town and country would be a gentle shower.

Mr. Samuel Floyd, Cashier of the Bank of Delaware, Wilmington, paid our town a visit, on Tuesday last. He remarked to one of our citizens, while passing along the street:—"I was born here, but I don't know the place," not having seen it for many years past. He came to look once more at his native town, and to gratify his curiosity by looking at the extensive peach orchards in this vicinity, and beholding the bustle and activity of the peach trade.

The corner stone of the Smyrna Town Hall was laid on Thursday the 19th inst. by George H. Raymond, Esq. Chairman of the Building Committee, in the presence of the Town Commissioners and a number of citizens. Addresses were made by Alderman Hyland & Penington, Esq. Col. Raymond, and Rev. Dr. Morsell. Copies of the Times, Clayton Herald, coin, a Cape May diamond, and various other articles, were deposited in the corner stone.

One hundred and eighty-one baskets of prime Rives' Favorite peaches, from the orchard of Capt James Kanely, were rejected here by the agent of Messrs. Norris, on Saturday last, on the plea of being too soft. The peaches were subsequently put down at Ginn's Crossing, and will probably be the cause of future litigation.

MARKET HOUSE.—Messrs. Ingram & Gibson have erected a commodious Market House, with brick floor, adjoining their present store room, and keep a constant supply of marketing, embracing fruits and vegetables of all kinds in season. They also sell flour, meal, feed, groceries, &c.

The Delaware Gazette learns that a diabolical outrage was committed on a little white girl, nine years old, in Mill Creek Hundred, by a stout negro, a few days since. The child is under medical treatment.

The annual exhibition of the Horticultural Society will commence in the Institute Hall, Wilmington, on Wednesday evening, September 15, and continue day and evening throughout the week.

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John Brainard ran from Wilmington to New Castle, a few days ago, in thirty-five minutes, in order to win a bet of $10 that he could not do so in forty-five minutes.

Rev. Dr. Patton will exchange pulpits, to-morrow, with Rev. Mr. Brown, of the Logan Square Church, Philadelphia. Dr. Patton was formerly Pastor of that Church.

Mr. W. T. Warner is about to open a new Gentlemen's Furnishing and Variety Store, in Middletown, at the storehouse lately occupied by Mr. Charles Tatman, Jr.

The Morris farm was not sold at Head of Sassafras, on Saturday. The highest bid was $60 per acre, when the farm was withdrawn.

Mr. Jesse Higgins, of Odessa, Del. died suddenly at the Salt Springs, Va. on Saturday last, whither he had gone for his health.

It is estimated that at least 3,000 men, women and children are now engaged in this State in gathering the peach crop.

Rev. J. P. Du Hamel, of Delaware City, has accepted the Rectorship of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Redemption, in Philadelphia.

The Elkton base ball club was vanquished the second time by the Newark club, at Elkton on Saturday last, by a score of 27.62 to 27.35.

Dr. Augustus Schubert, a homeopathist, removed from this town to Baltimore, last week.

Prayer for rain was offered in the churches, here, on Sunday last.

The protracted drought will lessen the size of the latter peaches.

A canning establishment at Crumpton, Md. employs 150 hands. Green corn and tomatoes are used.

Female Emigration.

The London Daily News speaks in language of decided approval of the public service Miss Rye, an English-woman, is doing in an emigration scheme for girls which she has been conducting to Canada. On the arrival of the last party in Canada there is said to have been quite a vigorous competition for the privilege of engaging servants. The girls themselves, well chosen and looked after, are all such as make desirable emigrants, and will probably prove quite worthy of the excellent situations they command. The Canadian papers express a desire for more of them, and say that the sooner Miss Rye returns with another compliment the better. The News justly remarks that there is something doubly desirable in this emigration of young women, the natural tendency of emigration being to derange the balance of the sexes on both sides; the young men go and the young women stay, and hence in all colonies men perponderate, while women predominate at home. It is needless to point out the social mischiefs which this inequality produces—the over-crowding of all female employments in Europe is one of the least of them. A well-considered scheme of female emigration ha, therefore, always been attended with good results Riss Rye, it is said, findsplenty of candidates for emigration in England, and ample offers of employment await them in America; her plan, however, as we understand it, is for the emigration of younger girls. Her last emigrants are described by a Canadian paper as rosy girls in their teens. At such an age they are more likely to be useful in the colony, more likely to fall into their life naturally and easily, than they would be if they were a few years older. They are just at the age at which girls in England first go out to service, or are first finding their way into situations. Of course a cargo of such girls involves considerable responsibility, and Miss Rye is doing a public service in undertaking it. The emigration of smaller girls under such auspices is one of the smaller beneficent movements of the age. It would be fortunate if it could be done with the same minute inquiry, the same careful supervision and the same success upo na larger scale. That would require fifty Miss Ryes instead of one.

THE DECAYING OF OUR WATERING PLACES.—The fact can be no longer doubted that the watering places this summer have been a comparative failure. For some years past the number of visitors have been gradually declining, but this year it appears to have reached the minimum. It is true that Fashion still makes an effort to maintain her dominion on the old-time theatres where she was accustomed to be worshiped with an almost insane fanaticism, and it is true, also, that invalids and hypochondriacs still hasten to the mineral waters—chaly beate, sulphur and magnesia—just as the victims of old sought the pool of Bethesda, to cure all their ills. But there is a decided falling off, even in the most favorite resorts.

The Drought on this Peninsula.

A letter from Hillsborough, Md. to the Philadelphia Ledger, says:

The present drought, which is particularly serious all the way down the Eastern Shore, has almost destroyed the corn crop, which in July promised to be a heavy one. The sweet and white potato, melon and cantelope crops have also been destroyed past recovery. The small streams have dried up, and many of the wells fail to yield a full supply of water for man and beast. Even the peaches are affected so seriously by the drought, that their growth has been checked, and many of them are beginning to wilt upon the trees.

The President's junketings were thus chronicled in Wednesday's papers:

The President will be at Concord, N. H. today, if nothing happens to stop him, and will have a public reception at the State House. He is to dine and sleep with the Governor, and tomorrow will go to and on top of Mount Washington. On Friday he will jaunt away to Burlington, thence to Saratoga, on Saturday.

That old malignant, Wm. Loyd Garrison, has made a libelous attack upon Geo. Peabody, Esq. alleging that his first donation to the South was given to aid the rebellion, whereas it was four years before the rebellion.

It is found that the loss of currency by wear and tear is more than sufficient to pay the expenses of printing and issuing it. The average life of a bank note is three years, and that of currency a much shorter time.

Bull Run is the only battlefield of consequence that has not been changed since the war. The forts, the monuments, the stockades and the desolation remain as the soldiers left them.

Washington despatches say that the "Government is out of town." The President, Vice President and all the Cabinet are off on summer tours.

A Chinese immigration agent at Savannah has upon his books orders for six hundred head out of the first importation.

Cholera is on the march again—as usual, commencing in Persia, where everybody who can is running before it.

The Russian Railroad Gazette says that Russia has already paid upward of 200,000,000 roubles to American railroad contractors.

An authoritative statement is made at Madrid to the effect that the preliminaries of a treaty for the cession of Cuba have been signed.

The Fenian fund of $20,000, now being quarrelled about in the New York courts, is growing beautifully less in consequence of it.

Ralph Waldo Emerson and Oliver Wendell Holmes have "bet a pair of gloves" on the international boat race.

A deficiency of $18,000 has been discovered in the coiner's department of the Branch Mint, San Francisco.

There were refreshing showers about Richmond, Staunton, Lexington and the Old Sweet Springs, Monday.

J. E. Ingersoll, the "Temperance candidate" for Governor of Ohio, has withdrawn.

Fourteen men lost their lives Tuesday by a colliery explosion at Firminy, in France, six miles from St. Etienne.

THE CHINESE THE "MODEL DOMESTIC."—The New York Journal of Commerce publishes a letter from a gentleman of very high standing in California, describing the Chinese, according to the Journal, exactly as they are in every variety of the service in that State. Whilst according them credit in various departments, it would seem that in that sphere for which there is so great a demand in all parts of this country, domestic service, they especially shine. The statements give ground for hope that the "model domestic" is at last coming to the rescue of discressed housekeepers. The correspondent represents that almost without exception the families who have made experiment of their service have come to regard it as a great and blessed relief in the matter of housekeeping. He says he has had this service for many months in his home. The new servants are neat, cheerful, careful and economical; they put on no airs; they stipulate for no privileges; they entertain no company; they look sharp after all the "odds and ends." They are satisfied with a very humble commissariat for themselves.

They make no complaint of large washings, or much company, or sweeping days, or irregularities in the family, such as many have heard for years. They take hold of the task of each day, no matter how heavy, with the same uncomplaining cheerfulness, and carry them patiently through to their consummation, with a quiet acquiescence which is most admirable. They never answer back to your instructions except with the simple hearty "all right," which assures you that they comprehend and will do what is told them. Any new service, beyond their experience, when once shown, they accomplish with an imitative dexterity that makes it a pleasure to teach them.

WEALTH AND TRADE OF THE SOUTH.—The Charleston News predicts that for 1869 the cotton States "will show more true prosperity than any other section of the world." It goes on to estimate the crop of cotton for the present year, which it fixes at 3,000,000 bales. The average value of all the crops will amount to $64 per head of the population. The News also predicts that South Carolina will yield products this year worth $50,000,000, or an average of $74.62 per head in a population of 670,000. If the necessary means to insure accuracy in this statement have been employed, this affords a subject of great congratulation to South Carolina, which only a few years ago was apparently ruined. Another remarkable fact is mentioned by the same journal: "There are now no less than 200,000 whites cultivating cotton with their own hands." This probably refers more especially to cotton growing on the uplands. In the old days of slavery the fact might have told as an argument against that institution, but now that the negroes are free, the white man cultivating cotton is certainly a dangerous competitor of the blacks.

POLITICAL ITEMS.—The Democratic Convention of Massachusetts met on Tuesday, and nominated John Quincy Adams for Governor. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the prohibitory law, and acquiescing in the results arrived at in National affairs. Mr. Adams accepted the nomination in a speech opposing the tariff.

Stokes, the defeated candidate for Governor of Tennessee, is said to blame Brownlow for it, and to threaten vengeance.

Curtin, Washburne, Sanford and Jones, American diplomats, have all been to Homburg, gazing at the gaming tables.

The Gubernatorial campaign has opened in Mississippi. Leading colored orators are aiding the white men of the Conservative cause.

DEATH OF A PHYSICIAN.—Dr. Lawrence M. Ricaud, one of the leading physicians of Kent county, Md. died last week. He was an active and prominent member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, generally representing his parish in diocesan and other conventions. At the time of his death he was a stockholder director in the Kent County Railroad Company.

The Pekin Government has refused to ratify the Burlinghame Convention with the United States. Burlinghame's policy was denounced by J. Ross Browne, late United States Minister to China, a short time before the latter's departure. He thinks that foreign Powers are disposed to yield too much to the Chinese Government which persists in viewing all the rest of creation as "tributary nations."

W. S. Kimball, a tobacco manufacturer of Rochester, N. Y. was convicted before the United States District Court at Buffalo, yesterday, of rendering fraudulent returns to the Revenue Department. By this verdict Kimball loses his tobacco and his factory and machinery, valued at $20,000. He will be tried on a criminal indictment in October.

Steam fire engines at Philadelphia are forcing the water from Schuylkill river into the Green Mount Reservoir, 95 feet high. The city authorities have appropriated $25,000 to the Schuylkill Navigation Company, for turning the water of the Canal into the Schuylkill for the use of the city, so great is the drought.

Cuban advices indicate that the Spaniards are concentrating all their available force against General Jordon. Valmaseda commands, and an early and important engagement between him and Jordon is looked for. The defeat of Valmaseda, it is said, would now virtually end the war.

Prince Arthur, third son of the Queen of Great Britain, is at the present time in Canada. He comes attended by a governor and a small retinue of servants. His reception has been most cordial, and his stay will be protracted until the spring of the coming year.

Miss Annie Rodgers, Miss Martha Hunter, and Mr. Burton Stout, all of Philadelphia, were drowned while bathing at Atlantic City, Wednesday. The bodies were washed ashore during the day and were taken to Philadelphia on an afternoon train.

Two Erie Railroad freight cars were precipitated into the Delaware river, on Tuesday night, over a bridge a hundred feet high.

Items of News.

A desperate fight is reported to have occurred some two weeks ago near Puerto Padre, Cuba, between 600 of Jordon's troops, under Colonel Figuerro, and 1,000 Spanish regulars and volunteers. The Cubans gave way to the first attack, but securing a better position repulsed the second attack of the enemy. The Cubans lost 150 in killed, wounded and missing. The Spaniards are believed to have lost 300.

The Century Plant, now in bloom, at Frost's green-house, in Rochester, N. Y. will be removed to Chicago next Thursday, where it will be exhibited for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association of that city. It is nineteen feet high, and will be placed on a car prepared for the purpose. Many thousands of strangers have visited it in the past three months.

LA FRANCE continues the discussion of the Cuban question, urging that the solution suggested—the sale of the Island—will be the only means Spain can command of saving something from the wreck. Cuban independance, with an American protectorate, would be likely to result, LA FRANCE thinks, in a second edition of the history of Texas.

A difficulty has occurred on the Susquehannah Railroad, at the Binghamton end, owing to the refusal of the officials to forward through freight until back charges are paid. There is difficulty in doing it, owing to the struggle of the rival interests, and meantime freight is blocked, and the employes are leaving the road.

Dr. Albert P. Weaver, of Laramie, Ill. says the Memphis Appeal, is quite a bigamist. Returns from nine counties give six wives, and the balance of the State to hear from. He is in jail in default of $1,000 bail. Numerous sympathizing females cheer his lonely cell by their visits.

St. Augustine Fla. which is filled with invalids from the North during the winter months, has become a great resort of Southerners in the summer. Cool sea breezes, an even temperature, and fine bathing, are its attractions in the latter season.

The late favorable weather in Europo has stopped the advance in prices of grain, but great fluctuations are still expected, as the crops throughout the Continent, with the exception of those in the interior of Russia, promise to be light.

It is recorded as a remarkable fact in the recent race between Mountain Boy and Lady Thorn at Saratoga that, although Mountain Boy won all three heats, the betting at the beginning of the races was 100 to 30 in favor of Lady Thorn.

Secretary Boutwell has been requested by Vice President Colfax, Senator Stewart, and others, to allow several millions of dollars to be transferred from the Sub-Treasury at New York to relieve the money market.

A Cincinnati belle, heir to $75,000, is so annoyed with interested suitors that she has retired to another city and assumed an humble position in a respectable private family, determined to win a husband, if at all, upon her own merit.

A young man named Marshall H. Evans, supposed to be insane, shot and killed his father at Philadelphia, Tuesday, who was in the act of leaving his house to consult a physician in regard to the young man's mental condition.

A Canada sheriff having a writ of attachment against the estate of a dead man, seized his widow's artificial teeth. The papers of the Dominion are discussing the question whether the seizure was legal.

There is a lady living in Wisconsin who was twice married before she was twenty one years of age, a mother before she was seventeen, and a grandmother before she was thirty-five.

Albion N. Towne, Assistant Superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, has been appointed General Superintendent of the Central Pacific at a salary of $13,000.

The State Department records show that 12 States have fully ratified the Fifteenth Amendment and 2 rejected it. The ratification of two States, Kansas and Missouri, was defective.

A great many persons in Baltimore and other cities are beginning to use the semi-bituminous coal from the Cumberland mines. It costs about half the price of anthracite.

The Manayunk, Pennsylvania, paper mills having stopped on account of low water, the price of paper in Philadelphia has advanced 2½@3 cents per pound.

It is reported that two coal trains collied on the Reading Railroad Tuesday, demolishing nearly a hundred coal cars and killing two men.

Prince Arthur and his friends are enjoying themselves superbly at Halifax. They attended a grand pic-nic and a brilliant concert Tuesday.

Commodore Vanderbilt was married Saturday morning, at London, Canada, to Miss Frank Crawford, daughter of Robert L. Crawford, Esq., of Mobile.

A man died in New York on Monday from poisoning. He took a paper of chewing tobacco and three tumblers of ale as a "cure" for fever and ague.

Dissensions in the Spanish Ministry continue. Admiral Topete threatens to resign if Zorilla persists in his severity towards the bishops who refuse to warn their churches against disloyalty.

Among the agricultural implements now manufactured in Great Britain, are large numbers of elephant plows, which are forwarded to Hindostan.

Two New York undertakers, on Saturday, had a most disgraceful quarrel as to which should bury a corpse, and the police had to interfere.

Frederic Law, of Elizabeth, was clubbed to death by Policeman Fannel in Bergen, New York, Sunday night.

There are ten ex-rebel Generals, including Lee and Beauregard, at the White Sulpher Springs, in Virginia.

New York is beginning to get frightened about her water supply, and fears that Croton may give out.

In the Mississippi river trade there are now 910 steamers, with a capacity of 292, 174 tons, and valued at $14,556,000.

Seven hundred buffaloes were killed by the Indians, near Camp Supply, during the past week.

The steamers Evening Star and War Eagle were burned at St Louis Tuesday.

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six months $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets.

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript.

WARWICK, August 25th, 1869.

MR. VANDERFORD, *Dear Sir* :—There will be a running race at Warwick, on Wednesday, September the 1st, for a stake of $500, between black mare Fannie Rhinor, named and entered by Benj. M. Crawford, and bay mare Crazy Jane, named and entered by Edward Coppage—distance, 440 yards.

Mr. J. J. Cranor is training his stallion Dan Tucker. Dan's friends are very sweet on him, and are willing to run him against anything that stands on iron, from 600 yards to a mile and repeat. G. C. F.

NEGRO OUTRAGES UPON WHITE WOMEN.—Two young girls, residing near Station 14, on the Georgia Central Railroad, were brutally outraged by negroes, some days ago; and the crime was followed up by one of the fiends cutting off the arm of his victim in revenge for the loss of his own arm, which he alleged he had lost in consequence of a gunshot wound inflicted by her father, who formerly owned him.

Information was received here yesterday that two white girls, aged respectively fifteen and thirteen years, daughter of a highly respectable citizen of Rockbridge county, whose name we withhold for the present, were most brutally outraged on Friday last by two black fiends, the oldest of whom is not more than sixteen years, and the youngest but about fifteen. We were unable to gather the full particulars of these fiendish deeds, but from what we could learn it appears that the villains waylaid their victims not far from the house of their parents, and accomplished their atrocious purpose. One of the scoundrels was captured Sunday morning and lodged in jail in Lexington. The other was still at large Sunday evening, but the people of the entire neighborhood in which the outrages were perpetrated are scouring the country in search of him, and he has probably been arrested by this time.—*Lynchburg News, August 24th.*

The two negroes who outraged a young lady living at Front Royal a few days ago were taken from the jail of that town by a party of disguised men, about two o'clock Thursday morning and hanged.

Hon. John C. Breckinridge contemplates becoming law professor in the Kentucky University.

OBITUARY.

Friend after friend depart,
Who hath not lost a friend?

Sad though the thought, to our bereaved hearts, to chronicle the death of one of our most influential citizens of Delaware, William M. Vandegrift, yet, when God so ordains the arch-angel of death to snatch from our living grasp our dearest friends of earth, we can with christian forbearance but meekly say, "Thy will! Oh! Lord, be done." His health having failed him he departed to Berkeley Springs, thinking it would be conducive in invigorating his vital frame. Friends nor physicians could restore, when our Creator whispered, "Friend, come up higher." He leaves a loving companion and an only son to mourn his untimely end. But how cheering is the thought to their bereaved hearts, there is ever a hope that will buoy them up—although separated from him by the ties of earth, when done battling the conflicts of life we can see and love him in Heaven." On earth we oft have sorrows to encounter, if we only glance heavenward and rest 'assured beyond that blue arch there is a home prepared for our weary, tired souls. Reader, is there not one waiting for you beyond those pearly gates? Memory may carry you back to the time you took the last look or imprinted the last kiss on the pale-faced mother, or scanned the beloved form of your father. Father! may swell up from your almost breaking hearts, but the ear that was ever wont to listen to your feeblest cry hears it no more—his eyes are closed in death. Dead! no! he is not dead, but sleepeth! The spirit of angelic music within him seemed faint, to grow weary of its arduous struggles to burst its prison bars. He is exonerated from the ties of earth; a sublime worshiper in a temple not made with hands; a soul feeding on the fruition of the future; a grand ideal soul, with an immortal hunger, though inheriting a kingdom whose arch scaled heaven, and yet disdained not to touch the earth of humanity; a glad inspired wanderer through all the realms of light. He seemed to be aware his stay on earth would be short, though perfectly resigned, if God's will to take him from earth. He felt a a blissful hope, that he had gone to reap the reward of a well spent life. He oft has drank from the fountain of earth—now can drink from that pure perennial fountain in the neighborhood of the throne of God. He oft communed in the temple of God; is now a tree of life; will know no winter, on the bank of the river that rolls its silvery stream, through the city of God, he pitched his tent in the grove of Paradise. He was interred in the cemetery of Drawyers' by the side of his friends who went home to Heaven years before. LIZZIE B. A.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat, old	$1 25
Wheat, new	1 50
Corn yellow,	1 12
" white, "	1 07
Oats, new	50
Timothy Seed	4 50
Clover Seed	10 75
Eggs	20 cts ₱ doz
Butter	35@40 cts. ₱ lb
Live Spring Chickens	16@18 " "
Lard	24@25 " "
Beef	20@22 " "
Hams	25@30 " "
Sides	23@25 " "
Shoulders	19@20 " "
Potatoes	45@ 50 ₱ bushel.
Potatoes, New	40@45 ₱ "

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime new red wheat	$1 55@1 57
Corn, new yellow	$1 20
Oats (Pennsylvania)	57
Cloverseed	$9 00
Timothy	$4 75

WILMINGTON.

Wheat, prime	1 40@1 45
Corn, New	1 15
Oats	85
Flour	$7 00@10 25

A contemporary suggests that an agreeable way of partaking of peaches is to slice and cover them with sugar, then let them remain on ice till they freeze. Equal parts of sweet wine and cream should then be poured over the fruit, and a most delicious dish is presented to the palate.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Divine Service (D. V.) on to-morrow (Sunday 15th, inst.) at the usual hour, in Saint Ann's Church, 10½ A. M.

INGRAM & GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.

Eggs	20cts.	Lard	20cts.
Butter	20.	Hogs	16.
Chickens, dressed	17.	Hogs, alive	13.
Ducks "	19.	Potatoes, round	45.
Turkies "	20.	Feathers	65.
Geese "	15.	Honey	20.
Beans		$2.00.	

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order; and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.

March 20—tf INGRAM & GIBSON.

FINE READY MADE CLOTHING.

228 MARKET STREET, 2nd Door below THIRD

WILMINGTON, ELAWARE.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Ready Made Clothing in Delaware,

Our Own Make, now on hand, and will be sold at less than Philadelphia Prices.

All our Clothing is made in Superior manner by

PRACTICAL TAILORS.

The Proprietor having an experience of over thirty years in this Business, will guarantee satisfaction to any purchaser.

A full line of

FINE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, and
VESTINGS,

Constantly on hand for

ORDER WORK,

which will be made in the

☞ LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER,

At No. 228 Market Street,

☞ The Oldest Established Clothing Emporium in Delaware.

March 16—y **Edward Moore.**

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D. and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear, in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

NEW STOVE, TIN,

AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

THOMAS H. ROTHWELL'S

NEW BUILDING,

North Side of Main Street, 4 Buildings West of Town Hall,

Middletown, Delaware.

Where he has constantly on hand, and is prepared to manufacture

ALL KINDS OF TIN WARE,

At Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

STOVES.

THE NATIONAL,
CONTINENTAL,
ORIENTAL,
CHARM,
GEM,
SUN,
LITTLE GIANT,
BRILLIANT,

Prize and the Victor Cook.

Orders will be received and promptly filled for any kind of Stove that may be ordered.

GALVANIZED RUSSIA AND SHEET IRON ZINC,
COAL HODS, SEIVES,
POKERS, SHOVELS,
TEA KETTLES, BAKE PANS, WAFFLE IRONS
SAD IRONS, BRASS & ENAMELLED
PRESERVING KETTLES,
ENAMELLED SAUCE PANS,
TEA BELLS, JAPANNED CHAMBER BUCKETS,
SPITTOONS, WAITERS, LANTERNS,
FLOUR AND PEPPER BOXES,
SAND CUPS, MATCH SAFES (Cast Iron,)
MOLASSES CUPS,
PEACH CANS,
(Soldered and Self-Sealing)
PATENT CLOTHES FRAMES, &c. &c. &c.

Prompt attention to business, moderate prices, competent workmen, and a determination to please, may at all times be expected by those who may favor him with their custom.

Aug. 28—y

CHEAP FOR CASH.

THREE FRUIT DRYING HOUSES FOR SALE—A No. 1 article for drying Peaches.

Wm. L. BUCKE & SON.

Middletown, Del. Aug. 28—3t

TO OPEN THE FALL TRADE.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

OFFER

FIVE THOUSAND PIECES

OF

MUSLINS,

Bought under market rates for cash, and offered at less than our usual

LOW PRICES.

IN SHIRTINGS.

NEW YORK MILLS,
OUR OWN MAKE,
WASUTTA,
WILLIAMSVILLE,
WARREN,
HOUSEKEEPER,
PEQUOT,
ARKWRIGHT,
FORESTDALE,
ARLINGTON,
WHITNEY,
HILL,
BRIGHTS,
TRENTON.

IN SHEETINGS.

10-4 UTICA,
10-4 PEQUOT,
10-4 ANDROSCOGGIN,
10-4 WALTHAM,
12-4 HUGUENOT,
11-4 HUGUENOT.

IN PILLOW CASE MUSLINS.

8-4 WALTHAM,
8-4 ANDROSCOGGIN,
6-4 UTICA,
6-4 WALTHAM,
5-4 PEQUOT,
5-4 WAMSUTTA,
5-4 NASHUA,
5-4 BOOT.

IN UNBLEACHED GOODS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK, COMPRISING EVERY MAKE.

Just Received

TEN CASES CANTON FLANNELS,

All the above by the yard, piece or package, according to the wants of

Families, Hotels and Public Institutions.

We are determined to increase our already

LARGE MUSLIN TRADE

by always keeping the prices so low as to make it the interest of every consumer in and near Philadelphia to deal entirely at our house.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Central Dry Goods House,

Cor. EIGHTH and MARKET Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Aug. 28—6mos.

J. STEWART DEPUY,

253 *South Second Street, above Spruce,*

PHILADELPHIA,

NOW offers an unusual assortment of *CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS, &c. &c.* at very reduced prices, to his friends and the public.

Aug 28—3m

1869 DELAWARE STATE 1869

AND PENINSULAR

Agricultural Exhibition and Fair,

WILL be held in WILMINGTON, Delaware, under the direction, and on the grounds of the Agricultural Society of New Castle County,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 16th & 17th.

and extended if the weather is unfavorable on those days.

The citizens of Gloucester, Salem and Cumberland counties, N. J. and Chester and Delaware counties, Pa. are invited to contribute without restriction.

The grounds will be open on Tuesday the 14th, for the reception of stock and articles for exhibition.

Liberal premiums will be given for Stock of all kinds, the products of the Farm, Garden and Dairy; Fancy Articles, Trials of Speed, &c. &c.

All animals, and articles for competition, must be entered in writing, stating class, name and residence, and if stock, giving name, age and color, and (except horses for speed) be on the grounds on or before 11 o'clock, on Wednesday the 15th. There will be

TRIALS OF SPEED EACH DAY.

All entries must be made in writing, stating class, name, age and color, and fee paid on or before 12 M. of the 15th, and 7 P. M. of the 15th and 16th.

☞ No gambling will be allowed, liquor sold, or drunken or disorderly persons admitted on the grounds.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents. For one horse and rider, 50 cents. Vehicle and driver, 75 cts. each occupant of the vehicle other than the driver, 35 cents. Stockholders tickets, $2 00.

ZADOCK TOWNSEND, President.
DR. R. MCCABE, Sec'y Wilmington, Del.
aug. 21—3t

PUBLIC SALE.

OF

Threshing Machines & Horse Powers

AT NEWARK, DELAWARE.

HAVING determined to close out the present years' stock, we will sell at public sale, at our shops, Newark, Delaware, on

Monday, August 30th, 1869,

Our entire stock of the celebrated

DIAMOND STATE THRESHER AND CLEANER,

Of the different sizes—36-inch, 30-inch, and 26-inch cylinder. Also a number of our

TWO & THREE HORSE RAILWAY POWERS.

These machines are guaranteed to Thresh, Separate and Clean, rapidly and in the best manner. Sale Positive, to commence at 12 o'clock, M. when conditions will be made known by

CASHO & CO.
Newark, Aug. 21—ts H. T. RIDDELL, Auc.

FOR THE CANNING SEASON!!

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS,

Middletown, Del.

HAVE just received and are prepared to supply the public in large or small quantities to suit

Mason's Patent Improved Fruit Jars.

The Cover and Jar are entirely of Glass.

These Jars have been in use the last ten or twelve years and are too well known to need comment.

THE PATENT ALL RIGHT FRUIT JARS,

In quarts and half gallons, self-sealing, patented Nov. 5th, 1862, a description of which is given by the inventor as follows:

It combines all the good qualities of a Fruit Jar. Indeed it challenges and defies all competition. Mark the effective simplicity of its performance—any child can use it. It has been tested by the inventor for the last five years. The fruit is placed in the jar and properly heated, when the cover is applied and it seals itself. It is opened readily, being fastened with a Spring Clamp acting on an inclination in the glass, resulting in a pressure on the center of the stopper. The Jar is All Right, as purchasers will find upon a trial of its merits.

H. S. FISHER'S PATENT SELF-SEALING PRESERVING TIN CANS, of which we are the sole agents for Middletown and vicinity.

This celebrated Can has been in use for the last five years, and all who have tried it speak in the highest terms of its superior merits.

☞ All cans warranted that are put up according to directions.

Also, Stone Jars in quarts and half gallons, Bottle Wax, Corks, and Iron (porcelain lined) Preserving Kettles in all sizes.

We are constantly receiving new lots of the above articles which we offer for sale at the lowest market rates on the most reasonable terms.

Aug. 21—y

PEACH TREES.

A splendid lot of Peach Trees raised from Carolina

NATURAL FRUIT SEED

Of the best market varieties. Also all other kinds Nursery stock at

WAWASET NURSERIES,

EDWARD TATNAL,
aug, 21—3m Wilmington, Del.

NEWARK ACADEMY,

NEWARK, DELAWARE,

PROF. EDWARD D PORTER, A. M.

PRINCIPAL.

A FIRST-CLASS Mathematical, Classical and Scientific Boarding School for boys and young men. Will commence its *One Hundred and First Academic Year,* SEPTEMBER, 1st, 1869.

For full information send for Circular.

August 14—3m.

NOTICE.

THE Directors of the FARMERS MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF ST. GEORGES AND APPOQUINIMINK HUNDREDS have unanimously Resolved, "That any person, or persons who now have, or may hereafter effect an Insurance in this company, on any Stack Yard containing Grain, Hay, Provender, or on Buildings adjacent thereto, are hereby prohibited from using any Steam Engine on said premises, *Unless at their own Risk*; and for any loss that may be sustained by Fire originating from said engine, by which the stacks of Grain, Provender, or Buildings adjacent thereto, may be destroyed as aforesaid, the company will refuse payment for such loss.

By order of the Directors,
Odessa, July 31, '69. CHAS. TATMAN,
Aug. 7—4w Secretary.

PEACH TREES,

VERY LARGE AND THRIFTY,

OF LEADING VARIETIES, AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED. ☜

BIDDLE & HAYS,
July 31—6m. Cecilton, Md.

BANKING HOUSE OF

John McLear & Son,

607 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

ESTABLISHED, 1848.

WE are offering for sale the Six per. Cent Bonds of the City of Wilmington, at par, in sums of $50, $100, $500, and $1000. Interest payable April and October. Registered Certificates.

The City Loans of Wilmington have always been highly esteemed as an investment, and the rapid growth and general prosperity of the city make them more than ever desirable.

We continue to transact a general banking and brokerage business, and are continually enlarging our facilities.

Money received on deposit and returned on demand with interest. Parties keeping accounts with us may draw checks on us payable at sight, precisely as in the case of banks.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Germany and other countries drawn.

Parties desiring to invest money in bond and mortgage, are invited to examine our list of securities of this class.

Passage tickets from Europe, by all good lines sold.

Government Securities taken in exchange for any other scurities at the highest market rates.

JOHN McLEAR & SON.

June 5th, 1869—tf.

Farmers, Take Notice!

THE undersigned having obtained Letters Patent for an "Improvement in Grain Drill" for the purpose of Sowing Phosphate, Guano, and other Fertilizers, dated Oct. 27, 1868, & confirmed by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, July 10, 1869, would respectfully inform the Farming Community that he has made arrangements to furnish to them the

DELAWARE PHOSPHATE DRILL,

Grain and Phosphate Drill Combined.

The Phosphate Arrangement can be attached to any common grain drill that has been in use. There were 71 sold last year in this neigobornood which gave entire satisfaction, and were pronounced by those who used them to be the best Phosphate Sower that has ever been introduced into this country.

Farmers wishing to procure these Drills must apply early, as, owing to the lateness of the season, only a limited number will be offered. For further information apply to

W. N. HAMILTON, M. D.
July 24—tf Odessa, Delaware.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing and trading under the Firm of MURRAY & BOWLS, in the Wine, Liquor and Livery Stable busines, in Middletown, Del. is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties, and all persons having claims against the firm will present them to Thomas Murray for payment, and all indebted to the firm will make immediate payment to Geo. W. Ingram, as the business must be settled at once. THOMAS MURRAY,
JOHN BOWLS.

Middletown, July 26th, 1869
July 31—1m

REMOVAL!!

G. W. W. NAUDAIN

HAS removed from the old and well known Stand, corner of Broad and Main streets, to

No. 3 Middletown Hall,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Where he continues to keep a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

In fact everything that is requisite to make up a

First Class Country Store,

may there be found, of reliable quality and at

REASONABLE PRICES.

☞ *GIVE HIM A CALL.* ☜

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Aug. 7—y

BANKING HOUSE

OF

John McLear & Son,

No. 607 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

ESTABLISHED, 1848.

WE respectfully call the attention of our friends and customers to the advantages offered as an investment by the WILMINGTON and READING RAIL ROAD. First Mortgage 7 Per Cent Bonds. The price at which they are offered is only 85 and accrued interest, at which price they net the purchaser 8 1-5 Per Cent. Per Annum, *Clear of all Taxes,* either State or National. We unhesitatingly recommend the Bonds as being, in all respects, A FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT.

Holders of Goverument Securities may realize an especial advantage by exchanging them for these Bonds. For example, take a 5-20 Bond of 1867 for $1000. At the present rate of premium on gold it yields the holder in currency a fraction over eight per cent. on its *par value.* It may be sold, however, at a premium of *Twenty-one per cent.* and the proceeds invested in Wilmington and Reading R. R. Bonds with the following result:

1000 5-20's at 121 yield	1210.00
1400 Wilmington & Reading R. R. Bonds at 85 cost	1190.00

The yield of interest from the former investment (gold at 37 premium) amounts to 82.80 per year

But from the latter it amounts to..93.00 " "

Or in other words, while the money invested in 5-20's yield over eight per cent. on the *par value* of the Bond, the same money invested in Wilmington and Reading R. R. Bonds will yield nearly *Ten Per Cent. Per Annum* with an additional profit of over $200 at the maturity of the bonds, and the further advantage that income from the bonds is clear of all taxes, while interest from U. S. Bonds is subject to tax as a part of the owner's income.

We are prepared at all times to furnish the bonds without any charge to customers for commission.

We continue to transact all business relating to the investment or loaning of money.

Bonds and Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission, at the Stock Boards in all parts of the country.

Deposits received at any time, and paid on demand with interest.

Correspondence promptly attended to.

JOHN McLEAR & SON.

August 7—1m.

BRAND-NEW

Cigar and Tobacco Store!!

IN MIBBLETOWN.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends of Middletown and vicinity, that he has opened a

CIGAR ANB TOBACCO STORE,

On Main Street, one door east of the National Hotel, Middletown, Delaware, where Smokers and Chewers can always be accommodated with Cigars and Tobacco, of a superior quality, and at very low prices.

☞ Call in and try our selections.

Having procured a first-class segar maker he has begun the manufacturing of segars, and is prepared to supply the trade at city prices.

JOHN T. HAYES,
June 5—6mo. Middletown, Del.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, July 20th, 1869.

Upon application of Gideon E. Hukill, Executor of the last Will and Testament of John F. Hukill, late of Saint Georges Hundred in said county, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Executor aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

{L. S.} Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Rigister aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County, aforesaid, the day and year above written.

R. C. FRAIM, REGISTER.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Executor on or before July 20th, 1870, or abide the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

G. E. HUKILL, Executor.
July 24—2m. Address—Middletown, Del.

NEW BAKERY,

IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has commenced the Baking Business in all its departments, and will keep constantly on hand,

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,

And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all sorts of Cakes at short notice.

He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to the business.

He will also continue the Painting Business in all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.

March 6, 1869—tf

Notice To Treaspassers.

ALL persons are forbid to tresspass upon the premises of the undersigned, in any way whatever, as the Law will be enforced against any one so offending. M. N. WILLITS,

July 31—tf

PATENT CLOTHES HORSES, an indispensible household article, for sale at

ROTHWELL'S
June 19—tf Main St. Middletown, Del.

THE

DELAWARE

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPET HOUSE,

304 & 306

MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON,

DELAWARE.

From Long Experience in the

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPET TRADE,

We are perpared to offer special advantages to buyers throughout all parts of the country.

Our excessive acquaintance with importers and jobbers, and a daily knowledge of the market, give us extraordinary facilities for selling goods at the

LOWEST PRICES,

Often at better rates than can be obtained in other houses of this and neighboring markets. The stock for completeness and variety cannot be surpassed, comprising, as it does, all articles for family use usually found in a first class

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPET HOUSE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO

SILKS,

FINE AND MEDIUM

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS, KID GLOVES, &c.

And the most superior stock of

Black & Mourning Goods,

To be found in the State,

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

W. M. KENNARD,

304 & 306 Market st.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

May 22, 1869—y

Rhodes Super Phosphate,

THE STANDARD MANURE

MANUFACTURED, BY

POTTS & KLETT,

Camden, New Jersey.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS IS ESPECIALLY CALLED TO THE

RHODES SUPER PHOSPHATE,

As the most valuable and reliable manure for Wheat and Grass, as well as for other crops, as attested by an experience of fifteen years.

This long established and standard manure is prepared expressly for DRILLING, and particular care is taken to maintain the high reputation it has obtained.

ORCHILLA GUANO.

AA.

A True Bird Guano,

RICH IN PHOSPHATES AND ALKALINE SALTS,

Substitute for Ground Raw Bones.

Price,.....$30 per Ton, of 2000 lbs.

For Sale by Dealers, and by

YARNALL & TRIMBLE,

Wholesale Agents for Penn. New Jersey & Del.

418 SOUTH WHARVES, PHILADELPHIA.

July 17—3mos.

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE

Super Phosphate of Lime.

STANDARD WARRANTED.

WE offer to Farmers, the present Fall season, BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME as being highly improved.

Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, is as its name indicates, prepared by dissolving Raw Bones in Oil of Vitriol—that is, Bones that have not been deprived of their organic matter—the grease and glue—by burning or baking. It therefore, presents to the use of the Farmer all the valuable properties of Raw Bones in a highly concentrated form—rendering it at once quick in action and very permanent.

Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established, the PHOSPHATE may be procured directly from the undersigned.

BAUGH & SONS, Manufacturers,
Office, No. 20 S. Del. Avenue,
July 17—3mo. PHILADELPHIA.

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

STANDARD GUARANTEED,

For sale at Manufacturers' Depots.

No. 27 NORTH FRONT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

AND

No. 95 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE,

And by dealers in general throughout the country

THE Sombrero Guano of which Moro Phillips' Phosphate is and always has been manufactured, (and of which he has sole control for the United States) contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable.

A large percentage is Soluble, and will immediately yield its nourishment.

The Ammonia it contains is pure and ready to yield its value—not animal matter, capable of yielding its ammonia after decomposition in the soil.

Nothing is spared in its manufacture to render it the most valuable Super-Phosphate and Crop Producer in the market.

Eight years' experience has proved to the farmer that it is durable and can always be relied on as uniform in quality; and the numerous unsolicited testimonials continually received of its use in competition with other Fertilizers, fully attest that it has not been excelled.

Price $56 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Discount to Dealers.

Moro Phillips,

SOLE PROPRIETOR & MANUFACTURER

For sale by A. T. Bradley,
June 26—6mos— Middletown, Del.

PATENT OFFICE.

INVENTORS who wish to take out letters Patent are advised to counsel MUNN & CO. Editors of the Scientific American, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for more than Twenty Years. Their American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. Charges less than any other reliable Agency.

A Pamphlet, containing full instructions to inventors, is sent gratis. Address

MUNN & CO.
June 26—3m 37 Park Row, New York.

AMERICAN & SWISS WATCHES.

M. E. DICKSON,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

ASKS attention to his fine selected stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Of the latest Styles and the best Factory make,

Silver Ware.

Sterling Silver Spoons, Forks, and Butter Knives, which will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Watches and Jewelry.

March 6—tf

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, nearly opposite Walker's Hotel,

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repaired.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

Dec. 12—tf.

HENRY HARPER,

520 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

HAS a large stock at low prices, of fine

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SOLID SILVERWARE

AND

PLATED SPOONS, CASTORS, TEA SETS, &c.

May 1—3m.

HANGING BASKETS, Earthen and Wire, For Sale at ROTHWELL'S New Store,
May 29 Main street, Middletown, Del.

Select Poetry.

DON'T STAY LATE TO-NIGHT.

The hearth of home is beaming
With rays of holy light,
And lovely eyes are gleaming,
As fall the shades of night;
And while thy steps are leaving
The circle pure and bright,
A tender voice, half grieving,
Says "Don t stay late to-night."

The world in which thou movest,
Is busy, brave and wide,
The world of her thou lovest,
Is at the ingle-side;
She waits for thy warm greeting,
Thy smile is her delight,
Her gentle voice, entreating,
Says "Don't stay late to-night."

The world—cold, and inhuman—
Will spurn thee if thou fall,
The love of one pure woman
Outlasts and shames them all;
Thy children will cling 'round thee,
Let fate be dark or bright,
At home no shaft can wound thee,
Then "Don't stay late to-night."

Our Olio.

In the Middle ages the fires in the houses were made in a cavity in the centre of the floor, over which there generally was an opening in the roof for the escape of the smoke; and when the fire was out, or the family retired to rest, the place in which it was made was closed by a cover. In those days a law was almost universally established on the continent that fires should be extinguished and families be all at home at a certain hour in the evening, which was notified by the ringing of a bell, that in England was called the Curfew.

The Planting of Trees is encouraged in Iowa by a law, which, it is stated, provides that the planter of forest trees is, for every acre, released from taxation for ten years on one hundred dollars valuation, and for each acre of fruit trees planted, from taxation on fifty dollars valuation for five years, the same provisions as to fruit trees are applied to the planting of shade trees and hedges along highways. It is asserted that there are now maple forests in several countries, and sugar made, where, fifteen years since, was nothing but grass and hazel shrubs.

The water of Salt Lake is so dense that a man cannot sink in it. The editor of the *Corriane Reporter* demonstrated this by standing in the water, and without the least motion could not sink to the chin. He could lie on the water, stand in it, take almost any position, and still he could not sink. It is necessary after swimming in this briny water to rinse off with fresh, for the salt of the water condenses on one's person, and leaves one, when dry, looking as if he had been powdered all over with white chalk.

Daniel Webster penned the following beautiful sentiment, "If we work upon marble, it will perish; If we work upon brass, time affects it; if we rear temples they will crumble into dust; if we work upon our immortal minds—if we imbue them with right principles, with the just fear of God and love of our fellow men—we engrave on those tables something which will brighten for all eternity."

In the depth of the sea the waters are still—the heaviest grief is that borne in silence; the deepest love flows through the eye and touch; the purest joy is unspeakable; the most impressive prayer is silent; and the most solemn preacher at a funeral is the silent one whose lips are cold.

Sitka, in Alaska, is notable as the point where the traveler around the world either gains or loses his day of the week. A Russian reaching it on an eastward journey celebrates his seventh day Sabbath there, while the American going westward finds his business suspended on his Saturday.

To be a woman of fashion is the easiest thing in the world. A late writer thus describes it: "Buy everything you don't want, and pay for nothing you get; smile on all mankind but your husband; be happy everywhere but at home.

A daughter is almost always right when she endeavors to imitate her mother; but we do not think the mother is equally right when at a certain period of life, she tries all she can to imitate her daughter.

Some one has beautifully said of those who die young that "they are like the lambs which the Alpine shepherds bear in their arms to higher and greener pastures, that the flock may follow.

Anna Dickenson pays a high compliment to the bravery—at the expense of the discretion—of the men of this country, when she claims to have refused two hundred offers of marriage.

Anna Dickinson pays a high compliment to the bravery—at the expense of the discretion—of the men of this country, when she claims to have refused two hundred offers of marriage.

What should a young man carry with him when calling upon his affianced? Affection in his heart, perfection in his manners, and confection in his pockets.

An editor, alluding to the demand for female suffrage, female doctors, and female clergymen, remarks that another want presents itself—that of female women.

Do the best you can, whatever you undertake; if you are only a street sweeper, sweep your very best.

We should not forget that life is a flower, which is no sooner fully blown than it begins to wither.

A printers' toast, "Women—the fairest work in creation. No man should be without a copy."

Delaware Rail Road Lnie

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, July 12th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

ALL TRAINS SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

	NORTH.			
Leave Crisfield,			7 00	A. M.
" Marion,			7 40	
" Kingston,			8 05	
" Westover,			8 30	
" Prin. Anne,			9 10	
" Eden			9 40	
" Forktown			10 00	
" Salisbury			10 30	
" Delmar			10 45	
" Laurel			11 05	
" Seaford			11 30	
" Bridgeville			11 50	
" Greenwood			12 00	M.
" Farmington			12 15	P. M.
" Harrington	7 00	A. M.	12 35	
" Felton	7 15		12 50	
" Plymouth	7 20		1 00	
" Canterbury	7 20		1 00	
" Wil. Grove	7 25		1 05	
" Camden	7 35		1 15	
" Dover	7 50		1 30	
" Moorton	8 05		1 45	
" Brenford	8 10		1 55	
" Smyrna	8 05		1 50	
" Clayton	8 20		2 05	
" Sassafras R'd	8 25		2 10	
" Blackbird	8 35		2 20	
" Townsend	8 40		2 30	
" Middleto'n	9 00		2 45	
" Mt Pleasant	9 10		2 55	
" St Georges	9 25		3 10	
" Bear	9 35		3 25	
" New Castle	9 55		3 45	
Arrive Wilm.	10 15		4 05	
" Philad'a	11 45	A. M.	5 40	P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15	P. M.	8 10	"
	SOUTH.			
Leave Philad'a	8 30	A. M.	5 00	P. M.
" Baltimore	7 25		2 25	
" Wilm	10 10		6 25	
" New Castle	10 30		6 45	
" Bear	10 50		7 00	
" St Georges	11 00		7 15	
" Mt Pleasant	11 15		7 30	
" Middletown,	11 35		7 50	
" Townsend	11 45		8 00	
" Blackbird	11 50		8 05	
" Sassafras	12 00	M.	8 15	
" Clayton	12 05	P. M.	8 20	
Arrive Smyrna	12 15		8 30	
Leave Brenford	12 10		8 25	
" Moorton	12 20		8 35	
" Dover	12 40		8 55	
" Camden	12 50		9 05	
" Wil. Grove	1 05		9 15	
" Canterbury	1 10		9 20	
" Plymouth	1 10		9 20	
" Felton	1 20		9 30	
" Harrington	1 40		9 45	P. M.
" Farmington	1 55			
" Greenwood	2 05			
" Bridgeville	2 15			
" Seaford	2 35			
" Laurel	2 55			
" Delmar	3 10			
" Salisbury	3 45			
" Forktown	4 10			
" Eden	4 30			
" Prin. Anne	5 15			
" Westover	5 40			
" Kingston	6 00			
" Marion	6 20			
Arrive Crisfield	6 45	P. M.		

Freight Train with Passenger Car attached, will leave Stations named at the following Changed Hours, (subject to delays incident to freight business,) viz:—Going South, leave Wilmington about 3 00 A. M.; New Castle, 4 00; Middletown, 6 00; Clayton, 7 15; Dover, 8 50; Camden, 9 10; Felton, 10 05; and be due at Harrington 10 30 A. M.

Going North, leave Harrington about 3 20 P. M. Felton, 4 00 Camden, 5 00; Dover, 5 45, Moorton, 6 10, Clayton, 7 00, Middletown, 8 45, New Castle, 10 30, and be due at Wilmington about 11 00 P. M. This train will stop to take up Passengers only at Stations named, but will set down Passengers at any regular stopping place between Harrington and Wilmington, *Except* Hare's Corner, State Road, Del. Junction and Dupont.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7 40 A. M.—Leave Philadelphia 11 45 A. M., and Wilmington 1 00 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South.

Steamboat Trains heretofore run are withdrawn. A Boat will, however, leave Crisfield for Norfolk, in connection with Local Train, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings.

E. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

WILMINGTON Commission House.

J. L. HOUSTON,

PROPRIETOR of the Wilmington Tea House, has also opened a COMMISSION HOUSE, adjoining, for the sale of

Cereals, Fruits, all kinds of Berries, Peaches, Apples, Pears,

NEW POTATOES, POULTRY, EGGS, GRAIN,

And all the productions of our Farmers, Gardeners, and Nurserymen, and flatters himself that he can furnish a market for these nearer home and more advantageous than can be had in more distant cities, saving double freightage and two or three commissions to producers, traders and consumers, and a Reliable House, Quick Sales, and Sure Returns.

His House is said to be most eligible, ample accommodations, airy, and finely adapted to the sale of Home Productions, and the preservation of perishable fruits.

As the Peach World will be pressing, and the sale immense, it may be well that those who wish the services of this House should make previous engagements, as engagements will be many; and it is desired, so that they may be prepared for the market; and they will not sell the inferior productions without the good and the best.

Address J. L. HOUSTON,
Commission House,
428 Market st. cor. of 5th, Wilmington, Del.
June 19—y

READ, READ, READ.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, calls the attention of the Farmers to the following. Intending to devote his whole attention to the

GRAIN BUSINESS,

Will pay, on order of Messrs. William Lea & Sons, at Brandywine Mills, or Elihu Jefferson, New Castle, Del. the highest price for all Grain delivered on Del. R. R. or Del. waters, the parties themselves being responsible for the payment for all grain bought on their account.

Will fill all orders for RAMBO'S and WHITE'S LIME with promptness. Also, will pay particular attention to shipping grain for farmers on their own account, making prompt return of sales, and collecting the money for them.

Will fill all orders for the following Fertilizers:

Moro Philips' Super-Phosphate,

RHODE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
BAUGHS' RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
ELLIS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE;
PACIFIC & PERUVIAN GUANOS.

Also will furnish Clover and Timothy Seed at the shortest notice.

Can give the best references as to ability.

A. T. BRADLEY,
July 3—1y Middletown, Del.

THE DELAWARE Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Guarantee Capital $100,000.00.

HOME OFFICE--EXCHANGE BUILDING
Cor. 7th & Market Sts.

Wilmington, Delaware.

THE Pioneer Mutual Company in adopting Rates of Premiums based on American experience of mortality and interest.

Premiums lower than any other Mutual Company.

Purely mutual. All the profits divided among the Policy-Holders. There are no stockholders in this company.

All Policies non-forfeiting. Not after two years, but after the first annual payment.

All kinds of policies issued. Ordinary Life. Ten Year Plan. Single Payment and Instalment. All kinds of Endowment Tables. Return Premium Table. Joint Life Table. Children's Endowment Table.

Premiums payable in one payment, in Five, Ten, Fifteen or Twenty Instalments, or during Life. Payments received annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. All payments required in *Cash*.

Dividends on the "*Contribution Plan.*" It will be observed that the reduction of rates is equivalent to a *Dividend in Advance of at least thirty-three and one-third per cent.*

The Loan feature is entirely original with this company—for full explanation send for the company's publications.

TABLE OF RATES

And any information required promptly furnished on application to the Home Office, or to any of the Company's Agents.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President,
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President,
M. M. CHILD, Secretary,
BENJ. NIELDS, Counsel & Actuary,
D. W. MAULL, Chief Medical Examiner.

TRUSTEES.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft Jr.
William Bush,	George W. Bush,
John Y. Rice,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
Job H. Jackson,	Henry F. Pickels,
Clement B. Smyth,	Thomas D. Webb,
William Canby,	William H. Swift,
William S. Hilles,	Edw. Bringhurst, Jr.
James Morrow,	J. H. Adams,
Lewis P. Bush, M. D.	H. B. Scidel,
	James Bradford.

DIRECTORS.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft, jr.
William Bush,	Ed. Bringhurst, jr.
Thos. W. Webb,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
William Canby	George W. Stone,
Geo. W. Bush,	Jno. Y. Rice,
William S. Hilles,	W. H. Swift.

J. THOMAS BUDD, Agent,
July 31—1y Middletown, Delaware.

ODESSA NURSERIES.

THE Proprietors offer for Sale, for Fall planting of 1868 or Spring of 1869,

70,000 Peach Trees

of the leading

Market and Family Varieties.

200,000 SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

consisting of the following varieties:

STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
GOOSEBERRIES,
CURRANTS, AND GRAPE VINES.
ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

300,000 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS.

One and Two Years Old.

ALSO

EARLY ROSE, HARRISON, AND EARLY GOODRICH POTATOES.

Apply to POLK & HYATT,
Sept. 26, 1868. Or to WM. B. CROFT.
Odessa, Del.

LOOK OUT! LOOK OUT!! LOOK OUT!!!

"Cool Spring" Charley is Coming Soon

BUT not with "Cool Spring Ice" this time, but with pure

NORTHERN ICE,

FOR IT IS VERY COLD.

None need suffer with the heat, for I will be around in a few days to cool them off.

Give me your Cash and I will give you my Ice at as low prices as I can afford. Price list until further notice:—$1.50 per hd. to regular customers who take 100 lbs. or more daily; 2 cts. per lb. to regular customers who take 10 lbs. or more daily; 2½ cts. per lb. to regular customers who take 10 lbs. or less daily; 3 cts. per lb. to casual customers in small quantities.

My terms are Positively Cash, and all who do not settle either daily or weekly will have their Iupplies cut off and be left to melt until all arrears are paid.

One week's notice must be given by all persons who wish their supplies discontinued.

May 22—3m CHARLES ADAMS.

SEE LOW PRICES OF

CHINA & GLASSWARE.

China Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$6 50
China Cups and Saucers, 24 pieces	2 25
China Tea Plates, per dozen	1 35
White Stone Toilet Sets, 11 pieces	3 50
Water Goblets, per dozen	2 00
White Parisian China Dinner Sets, 133 pieces, beautiful shapes	29 00

All our other Goods marked down equally low.

Cutlery, Silver-Plated Ware, Tea Trays, &c.

WASHINGTON HADLEY'S

ONLY STORE,

Middle of the Cooper Institute Block,

Store running through from 3rd to 4th Avenue between 7th & 8th Sts. one block from Broadway. New York.

Especial pains taken in selecting and packing goods for the country. In addition to the above list of goods, we have always on hand, at low prices, Decorated Dinner, Tea, and Toilette Sets, Cologne Sets, Smoking Sets, &c.

June 26—3mos

DRAIN TILE.

WITH Improved Machinery and New Dies, we are now prepared to furnish at the shortest notice.

DRAIN TILE,

(Round with Collars and Egg-shaped with sole) from Two to Seven Inches Calibre, superior to any in the market. Also

BRANCH JOINTS Y SHAPED & SILT BASINS,

As recommended by "Waring" in his Work on Underdraining. We also manufacture

Bricks and Earthenware,

☞ Liberal discount made to Dealers.

Please address for price, &c.

ALVAN ALLEN, W. M. BELL. } ALLEN & BELL, Smyrna, Delaware.

May 15—1y.

LOOK AT THIS. LOOK AT THIS.

S. R. STEPHENS & Co's.

NEW WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

GOODS at PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

HAVING Just returned from the city with a large and splendid assortment of

SPRING GOODS,

FROM AUCTION AND FIRST HANDS,

BOUGPT AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

Comprising in part a large stock of

CARPETS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS,
CLOTHING, &c.

Also

CANNED FRUITS, PICKLES,

And all Goods usually kept in a First Class Country Store, which we are prepared to sell very low for Cash, or Country Produce.

☞ Buyers would do well to give us a call.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
April 10—1y

BOOK, STATIONERY, AND VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, Blank Books, in various styles and binding; Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

STATIONERY.

Writing, Letter, and Note Paper,
Envelopes, in variety;
Mourning Paper and Envelopes to match.

FANCY ARTICLES.

Photograph Albums, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Port Monaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassel and Cords, Looking Glasses,

BACK GAMMON BOARDS, CHESS AND CHECKER MEN, GAMES of all KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders,
Writing Fluid and Ink Stands,
Pocket Cutlery, Roger's Scissors, &c.
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Spectacles,
Violin Strings,
Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes,
Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A fine assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap.

PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS,
Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts,
Pomades, Hair Oils,
And Dental Soap of the First Quality.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches.
Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

New York Ledger, Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine, Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly, Girls and Boys Weekly, Gleason's Literary Companion, &c.

Godey's Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e Demorest's Magazines.

D. L. DUNNING,
No. 2 Town Hall.
Jan. 30—1y Middletown, Del.

CARRIAGES,

CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN,

DELAWARE,

☞ MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF ☜

CARRIAGES.

ALL WORK FROM THIS ESTABLISHMENT WARRANTED

TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

Repairing promptly attended to,

March 13—6mos.

Cecil Democrat, and Whig, News and Transcript, Chestertown, Smyrna Times, and Centreville Observer copy 6 months and send bill and paper to advertiser.

RICHARD TOWNSEND & CO. Commission Merchants

AND DEALERS IN

Peaches, Strawberries, Vegetables, &c.

369 & 370, Centre Av. Cor. Merchant's Row.

West Washington Market, N. Y.

R. Towsend, Del. J. Hilliard, F. McMulken, N. Y.

☞ Emties promptly returned, and letters written daily.

May 29—4mos.

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all carics promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

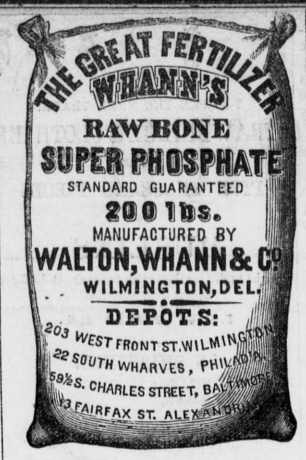
ICE CREAM!!

Wholesale & Retail,

At J. B. DEAKYNE'S,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

☞ Parties, Pic Nics, and Families, served at shortest notice.

May 22—3mo.



PROMPT,
ACTIVE,
RELIABLE,

A Great Crop Producer and Thorough Renovator of worn out lands.

For Sale by **E. T. EVANS,**
Middletown, Del.

Middletown, Del. Feb. 28, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I used Whann's Raw Bone Super-Phosphate on my corn last spring, and on my wheat in the fall. In each case it produced an excellent crop. Wishing to determine which of the different phosphates would pay me best, I tried several, and am glad to say the yield was much the best where I used Whann's. I shall continue to use it, and cheerfully recommend it to my neighbors.

A. T. STOOPS.

Middletown, Del. March 17, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I have been using Whann's Phosphate for some time past alongside of the popular fertilizers, and have come to the conclusion it is as good as any other. I am going to use ten tons this spring.

Yours truly, HENRY CLAYTON.
March 27—1y

WANTED.

A WHITE GIRL who understands Cooking and general House-Work. Apply to SAMUEL R. STEPHENS.
July 10, 1868—tf Middletown, Del.

SLOW HORSES made fast and fast horses made faster. Simple, practical instructions for improving speed and style, and other valuable information for horse owners, in No. 19 of HARNEY'S JOURNAL, only FIVE cts. For Sale by JAMES WINE, Tobacconist and Newsdealer, Middletown Delaware. Has exposures of humbugs.
June 12—3mos.

$10 A DAY. Address,
A. J. FULLAM, N. Y.
June 12—3mos.

SEND ONE DOLLAR and get by return mail one of LORING'S DOLLAR BOXES, of the richest Initialed French Note Paper. All the Ladies are in love with them. Address,

LORING, Publisher, Boston, Mass.
June 12—3mos.

THE MAGIC COMB—Teeth are Coated with solid dye. You wet your hair and use the comb, and it produces a permanent black or brown. One comb sent by mail for $1 25.

Address, WM. PATTON, Springfield, Mass.
June 12—3mos.

THE MISSISSQUOI POWDER ACTUALLY cures Cancer and Scrofulous Diseases of the skin. See report to L. I. Medical Society. Statements of Physicians in circular sent free on application to CHAS. A. DUBOIS, 182 Pearl St. New York City. Box 1659.
June 12—3mos.

$1000 TO **$2000** PER YEAR Sure, and no Risk. Agents wanted, commission or salary, in every part of the U. S. and Canadas, to sell our celebrated *Patent Whits Wire Clothes-Line*, warranted to last a life-time and never rust. For full particulars address the AMERICAN WIRE CO. 75 William st. N. Y., or 16 Dearborn st. Chicago.

P. S.—"*Every household should have one.*"—*N. Y. Tribune.* "*All they purport to be; never wears out.*"—*N. Y. Independent.* "*They give entire satisfaction.*"—*N. Y. Christian Advocate.*
June 12—3mos.

SPIRIT PHOTOGRAPHS. Attested in my trial and acknowledged by all who have sat for their pictures *the Great Phenomena of the age.* Four of the principal pictures of prominent parties who testified in court as to their genuiness, will be sent post paid on receipt of One dollar. Also a full report of my trial. Illustrated with wood cuts. 200 pages 50 cents. Address WM. H. HUMLER, 82 Nassau St. N. Y.
June 12—3mos.

MAXIMS FOR BUSINESS MEN. When a business man reaches the point where he thinks that he cannot spare any time to examine sources of financial and commercial information, he may safely conclude that his business is *not well managed.*

When a business man finds himself in a financial situation so embarrissing that he *cannot afford* to possess every publication that would throw MORE LIGHT *upon his business transactions, he should not delay an hour, but arrange at once with an auctioneer to close out his stock to the highest bidder.*

The above maxims are taken from the columns of the N. Y. Mercantile Journal which is the *best* as well as one of the *largest* mercantile newspapers published in the United States. Its market reviews and carefully revised list of jobber's prices, embracing almost every quotable article of merchandise, together with its judicious editorials, fill more than thirty-five (35) columns every week. The subscription price is only $5 00 per year, (less than 10 cents per week, and less than 1½ cents per day.) Parties desiring to possess themselves of this valuable publication, should address THE N. Y. MERCANTILE JOURNAL Co., 300 Pearl Street, New York City
June 12—3mos.

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD. The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the songs of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog; birds, beasts, and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White, and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cts. three for 50 cts; $1 25 per dozen.

W. T. VALENTINE, JERSEY CITY, New Jersey
June 12—3mos.

WEDDING RINGS.

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.
March 6—tf

FOR SALE.

WHITE OAK SLIP PEACH BASKETS, of Fine Quality. Also, CLAYTON TUBS, and LAUREL CRATES, at moderate prices. Call and examine. A. T. BRADLEY.
June 26—2mos Middletown, Del.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received and embrace this medium in announcing to all Builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,

ALL SIZES.

WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO.
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES.
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

Building Hardware,

☞ NAILS AND SPECIALITIES. ☜

BRICKS,
CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR

HEWES' PHOSPHATE.

PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,
VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.
January 25—tf

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

AND

CORSETS, CORSETS.

WM. T. HOPKINS,

No. 628 Arch Street, Phila.

MANUFACTURER OF THE

Celebrated "Champion" Hoop Skirts

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

The largest assortment, and best quality and styles in the *American Market.* Every lady should try them, as they *recommend themselves* by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and more *elastic* than all others—Warranted *in every respect*, and sold at very low prices Ask for HOPKINS' "CHAMPION" SKIRT.

Superior Hand-made Whale-Bone Corsets in fifteen different Grades, including the "Imperial" and THOMPSON & LANDON'S "Glove Fitting" Corsets, ranging in prices from 81 Cents to $5.50; together with JOSEPH BECKEL'S Celebrated French Woven Corsets, superior shapes and quality, Ten different Grades, from $1.10 to $5.50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices, ever imported. The Trade supplied with Hoop Skirts and Corsets *at the Lowest Rates.*

Those visiting the City should not fail to call and examine our Goods and Prices, as we defi all competition. Sept. 19, 18

For Sale by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SON

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

LONDON BLOOD PANACEA.

The Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

For the cure of SCROFULA or KING'S EVIL, CUTANEOUS DISEASES, ERYSIPELAS, BOILS, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES on the FACE, SORE EYES, YELLOW JAUNDICE, WHITE SWELLINGS, MERCURIAL DISEASES, GENERAL DEBILITY, PALPITATION and FLUTTERING at the HEART, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, SYPHILIS and SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, BLADDER and KIDNEY DISEASES, GRAVEL, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, &c. To the broken down female it gives life and energy by restoring the lost powers of nature. Persons all weakness and lassitude, by using the PANACEA are soon restored to perfect health, bloom and vigor. Try it.

Price $1.00 Per Bottle.

S. A. FOUTZ,

Manufacturer and Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by **W. H. Barr,**
May 8—1y Middletown, Del.

WHAT'S THIS? WHAT'S THIS?

Why, a Cigar and Tobacco Store!!

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Middletown, Odessa, and vicinities, that he has opened a

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE,

On Main Street, near the Middletown Hotel,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

Where he will keep constantly on hand a superior Brand of Cigars and Tobacco that cannot be surpassed.

Smokers and Chewers are respectfully invited to call in and try our selections. You may easily know the place by the sign of Pat Malloy, or the Irish Boy, Jemmy. JAMES WINE,
May 15—3mos, Middletown, Del

ENGEL, ROTHERMEL & CO.

SHIPPERS AND DEALERS IN

COAL

Schuylkill Navigation Wharves, Windmill Island, Delaware River, opposite Lombard Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICES, 108 Walnut St. 308 S. Del. Avenue.

COAL supplied in vessels, in large or small quantities, or lots to suit purchasers.
April 10, 1869—9m

PEACHES!!

THE subscriber has made arrangements to buy PEACHES at the Middletown Station, during the season, and will furnish Baskets for shipping of same, thus saving the Growers who have no Baskets the expense of purchasing at present high prices. Give him a call before disposing of your fruit elsewhere. E. T. EVANS,
Agent for W. H. Wanser,
June 26—tf of New York.

BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, CHEMIST,

PHILADELPHIA.

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

THIS Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each,
DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.
AGENTS,
39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,
79 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Also by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

And by dealers generally throughout the country.

For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia. Jan. 9, 1869—1y.

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.

J. H. WALKER,

Proprietor.

HAVING succeeded Mr. L. R. Davis, in the proprietorship of this well known, long established, and popular establishment, the present proprietor will spare no pains to insure the comfort of his guests, and make his house, as hereto fore, the favorite resort of the traveling public. A well filled larder, a well furnished table; comfortable and airy apartments; the choicest brands of Liquors, Cigars, and Tobacco; with a determination to render the fullest satisfaction, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers, and moderate charges, will, he feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the establishment.

Accommodation for Drovers and Dealers in Horses and Mules can always be secured. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. JOSEPH H. WALKER,
Oct. 17—1y Successor to L. R. Davis.

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,

Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularities corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞ A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand

Office on the corner of Scott and Main streets, formerly occupied by D. L. Dunning.
April 10, 1869—1y

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE, Middletown, Delaware.

THE undersigned takes this method of notifying the Public that he has opened a

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE

In Middletown, Del. on Wood street, opposite the Depot, where he has on hand a large and varied assortment of Wines and Liquors, in bottles and casks, which he offers on advantageous terms to purchasers at wholesale or retail.

☞ Also, a fine stock of choice TOBACCO AND CIGARS. THOMAS MURRAY.

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of Thomas Murray, on Scott street. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY.
Jan. 2.—y. At his Store on Wood St.

Del. Gazette, and Journal and Statesman copy one year and send bill to advertiser.

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.

JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,

Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c.

ALSO

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,

North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.

OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,

BALTIMORE.

Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.

☞ This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.
January 4, 1868—1y

☞ WHOOPING COUGH ☜

CURED BY

DELAVEAU'S CELEBRATED REMEDY.

☞ Price Fifty Cents.

Prepared at Sixth and Wood Sts. Philadelphia.

Ask your Druggist for it.
Mar. 6—1y

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

NOTICE!

W. J. LANK, Auctioneer, has removed to New Castle, Del. Those desiring his services as Auctioneer, will please address him at that place, and their orders will meet with prompt attention.
April 3, 1869—tf

HORSE RAKES.

DON'T buy a worthless article, but go to EVANS' Agricultural Warehouse and get one of Stoner's Patent Horse Rakes, the best in the market.
June 26—tf

JOHN A. REYNOLDS, NOTARY PUBLIC

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
May 1, 1869.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.